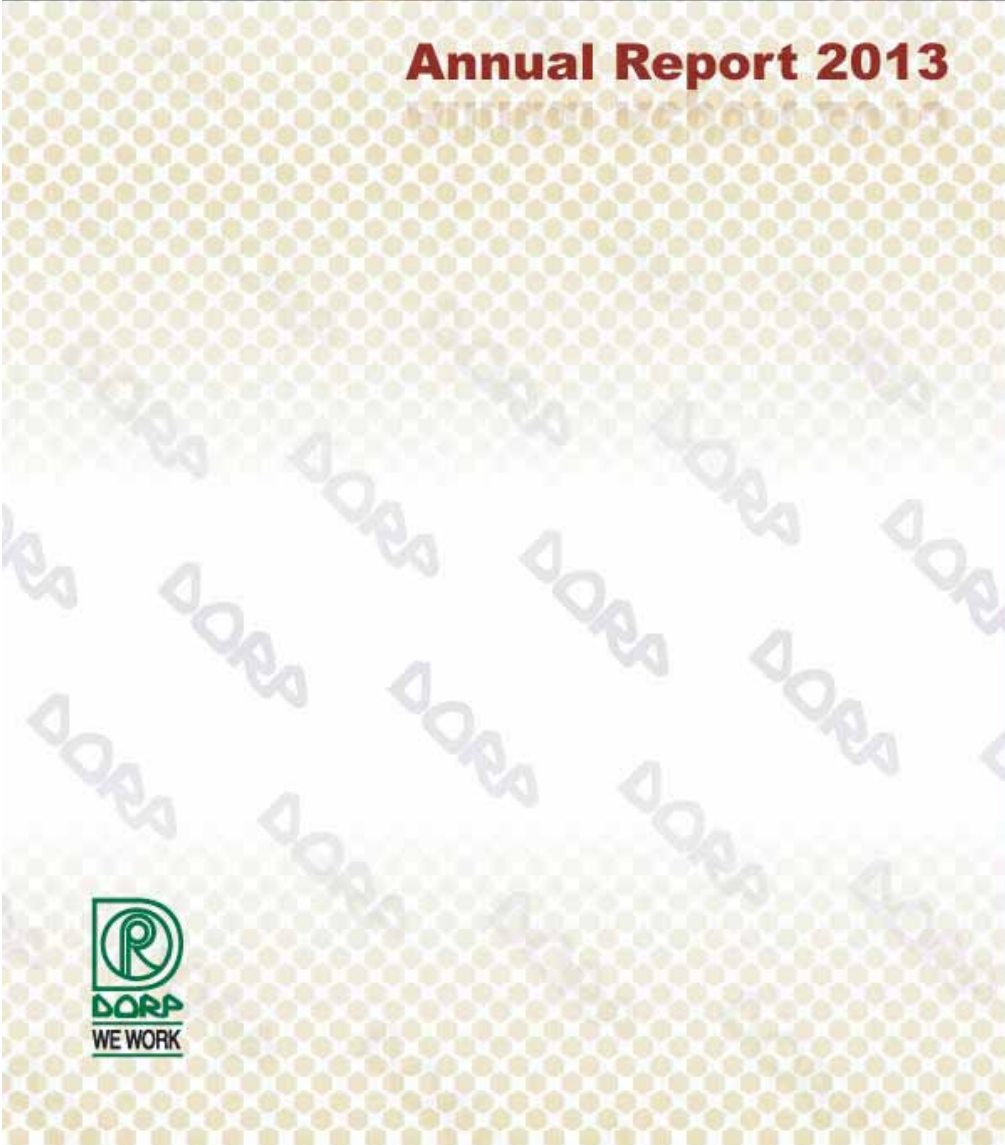


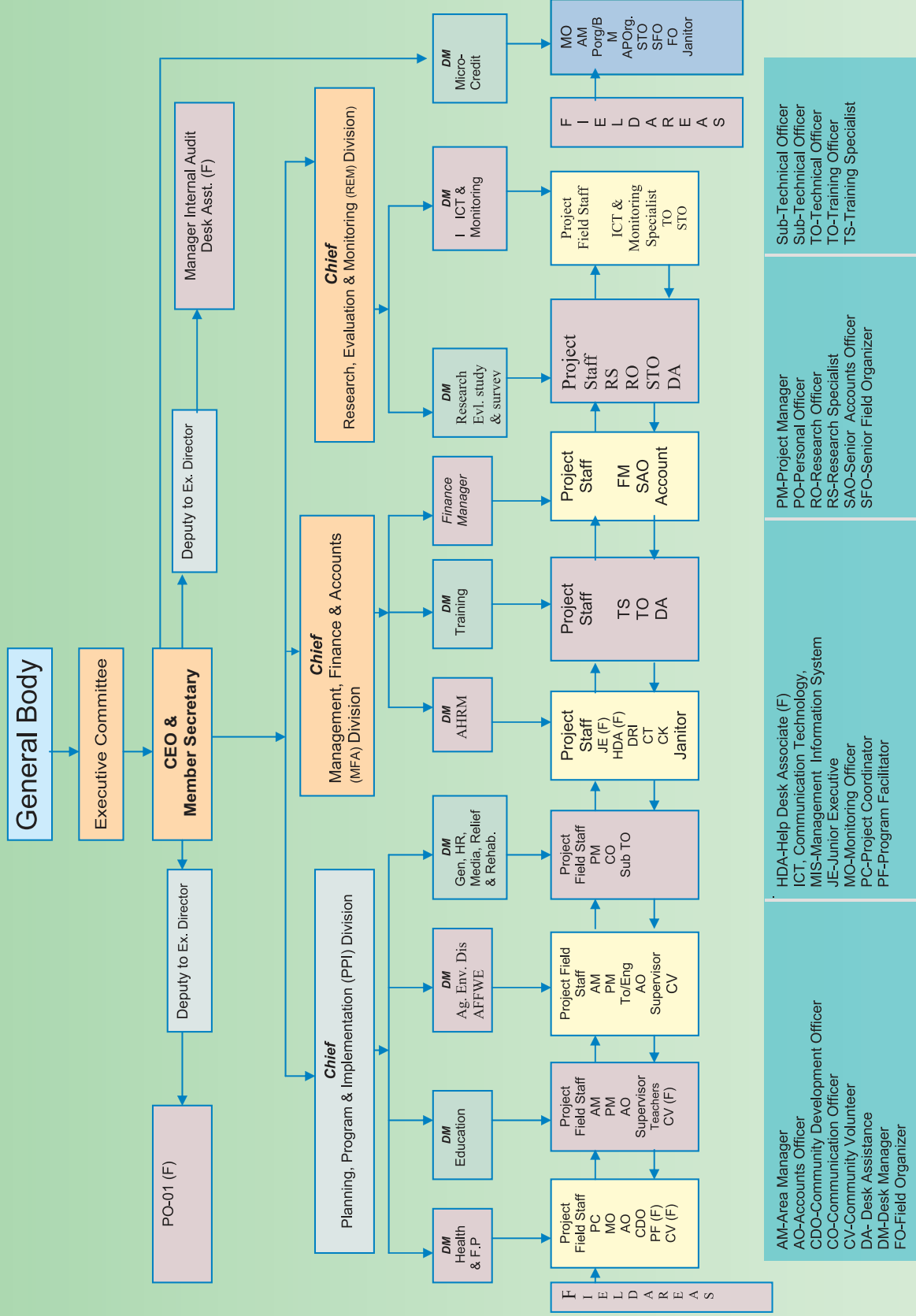


Annual Report 2013

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ORGANOGRAM



Development Organisation of the Rural Poor-DORP

ডেভেলপমেন্ট অর্গানাইজেশন অব দি রুরাল পূয়র- ডরপ



Annual Report 2013

মাতৃত্বকালীন ভাতা ও স্বপ্ন প্যাকেজ প্রবর্তনকারী সংগঠন
Pioneer of Maternity Allowance & SAPNA Package of 5 Rights

27th Annual Report
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Message of Chairman

Executive Committee



ডৰ্প এৰ প্ৰতিষ্ঠাৰ ২৭ বছৰ পাৰ কৰে একটী দৃঢ় ভিত্তিৰ অবস্থানে পৌঁছেছে। বছৰেৰ আবৰ্তনে এৰ অগ্ৰযাত্ৰা প্ৰশংসনীয়।

স্বচ্ছাসেবী সংস্থা হিসেবে ডৰ্প অনেক পথ পাৰ কৰে এসেছে। এৰ কাৰ্যক্ৰম মূলতঃ পিছিয়ে পড়া নারী ও পুৰুষদেৰ সাৰ্বিক উন্নয়ন, স্বনিৰ্ভৰতা, শিক্ষা, স্বাস্থ্য, পুষ্টি, পৰিবেশ, নারীৰ ক্ষমতায়ন, ক্ষুদ্ৰঋণ, দাৰিদ্ৰ্য বিমোচন এবং পুনৰ্বাসনসহ ব্যাপক ক্ষেত্ৰে। জাতীয় পৰ্যায়ৰ পাশাপাশি ডৰ্প আন্তৰ্জাতিক পৰ্যায়ও কাৰ্যক্ৰম শুরুর উদ্যোগ নিচ্ছে। এৰ মধ্যেই ডৰ্প জাতীয় স্বীকৃতিৰ পাশাপাশি অনেক আন্তৰ্জাতিক স্বীকৃতি অৰ্জন কৰেছে। ২০১৩ সালে জাতিসংঘেৰ পানি বিষয়ক পুৰস্কাৰ অৰ্জন কৰেছে। এটি গৰ্ব ও আনন্দেৰ। ডৰ্প'ৰ সেক্ৰেটাৰী জেনাৰেল এএইচএম নোমান আন্তৰ্জাতিক গুচি পিস প্ৰাইজ ইন্টাৰন্যাশনাল লাভ কৰেছেন। ডৰ্প'ৰ কৰ্মকৰ্তাৰা আঞ্চলিক ও আন্তৰ্জাতিক বিভিন্ন সেমিনাৰে বিশেষ কৰে স্বাস্থ্য, পানি ও সেনিটেশন বিষয়ক সেমিনাৰ ও সভায় অংশ নিয়ে সক্ৰিয় ভূমিকা ও অবদান রাখছে।

ডৰ্প'ৰ এই অৰ্জন ও ভূমিকায় সক্ৰিয় অবদান রেখেছে সংস্থাৰ কাৰ্যনিৰ্বাহী পৰিষদ এবং সকল পৰ্যায়ৰ কৰ্মী- কৰ্মকৰ্তাৰবৃন্দ। তাৰেৰ প্ৰচেষ্টা ও অবদানকে সাধুবাদ এবং সকলকে আন্তৰিক মোবাৰকবাদ জানাই। আমাৰ প্ৰত্যাশা তাৰেৰ এই প্ৰচেষ্টা আৰো বেগবান হবে।

আমি দীৰ্ঘ কাল ডৰ্প'ৰ সভাপতি হিসেবে দায়িত্ব পালন কৰেছি। বিধিগত কাৰণে ২০১৪ সাল থেকে সে পদে থাকা সম্ভব নয়। কাৰ্যকালে আমি ডৰ্প'ৰ অগ্ৰযাত্ৰায় সাধ্যমত প্ৰচেষ্টা চালিয়েছি। কাৰ্যনিৰ্বাহী পৰিষদেৰ আমাৰ সহকৰ্মীৰাও অনেক শ্ৰম দিয়েছেন। আমাৰা ডৰ্প'ৰ আজীবনেৰ সাথী হয়ে থাকব এবং এৰ যাত্ৰায় ভূমিকা রাখব ইনশাল্লাহ।

আমাৰ বিশ্বাস, নব নিৰ্বাচিত কাৰ্যনিৰ্বাহী পৰিষদ এ সংস্থাৰ অগ্ৰযাত্ৰাৰ গতিকে আৰো বেগবান কৰবেন। সেক্ৰেটাৰী জেনাৰেল এএইচএম নোমান-কে আন্তৰিক ধন্যবাদ জানাই যাৰ গতিশীল নেতৃত্বে ডৰ্প'ৰ সকল অৰ্জন। পৰম কৰুণাময় ডৰ্প'ৰ পথ চলাকে আৰো গতিশীল ও সফল কৰে দিন।

ডাঃ সাইফুল আলম

সভাপতি, ডৰ্প

Executive's Accountability



This Annual Report of 2013 is of a Joyous year for DORP. This year DORP received `Water for Life: best practices award from United Nations (UN). I also was awarded with Gusi International Peace Prize on Poverty alleviation & Humanitarianism in Nov.'13 at Manila. DORP Public Private Poor Partnership (PPPP) concept is included South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation– SAARC Country's Conference on Sanitation-SACOSAN Kathmundu declaration 2013. Thanks both Ends of The Netherlands for supporting to participate at Nepal water events.

Besides, added new projects are under the name & style of 1. Ma-Moni Health Services Strengthening (HSS) at four sub-districts of Coastal Noakhali ii) Strengthening Partnerships, Results and Innovations in Nutrition Globally –SPRING Bangladesh, a thousand days lactating mothers nutrition centered homestead gardening research oriented project at Bhola island district of seven upazila of SCI, Magura & Narail district of HKI & IFRI iii) WASH Plus of Water Aid at 8 remote unions of Charfashion of Bhola island district. All theses three are back support by US-AID IV. Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGD) of Women & Child Affairs Ministry of Laksmipur district. v. Agricultural Credit financed by National Credit & Commerce Bank Ltd.-NCC integrating PKSF Micro Credit support project.

Our ongoing activities are 1. UNIQUE quality education for child at Bhola at 130 centres lead by DAM and supported by EU. 2. Primary School at the village where there is no school. 3. Health village to WASH monitoring perspective supported by SIMAVI 4. Plantation & Social Afforestation in the Railway track & distribution of saplings to the PAPs of 99 km Jamuna Bridge Railway Link Project. 5. Rural Micro-Credit Financed by PKSF-an apex credit provider. 6. Implementation of Resettlement plan of Bakrabad Siddirgonj Gas Transmission Pipe Line Project back support by World Bank fund.7. Implementation of Resettlement plan of Tongi-Bhariab Bazar Double Line Project of M/o Railway credit support by ADB 8. Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development Project WASA

(Resettlement) and 9. Voice raising platform Ma-Sangasad (mother's parliament) focused on WASH supported by SIMAVI, The Netherlands, are running. Besides some are in pipe line to start & some are completed. For sustainability, credit activities are the reply & some non-profit business venture is under planning though uncertainty & risks prevails.

We are facing challenges to manage the projects mainly from some of the international funding/supporting organisation as those are not providing any sorts of management or overhead cost rather impose & press for contribution.

We care accountability & transparency & mean working together. We value Media and Linking Networking Training & Capacity Strengthening is other important track we care. Lobbying & advocacy for governance, poverty alleviation fulfilling basic rights, centering the poor mothers are our pipelined integral part, channeling either distinctly or integrating with ongoing activities. Mobilization & movement are the key to make the activities sustainable engaging the project partners, community, local & central Govt. National & International partners-platforms, Media for establishing Humanitarianism as a whole & in particular which DORP earning recognition.

Atlast, we place our sincere thanks & gratitude to our partners, Government, Non-Government development partners of the country, Advisory body, General body, Executive members, DORP family members, well wishers for their selfless support & promotion.



AHM Nouman
CEO & Member Secretary
DORP

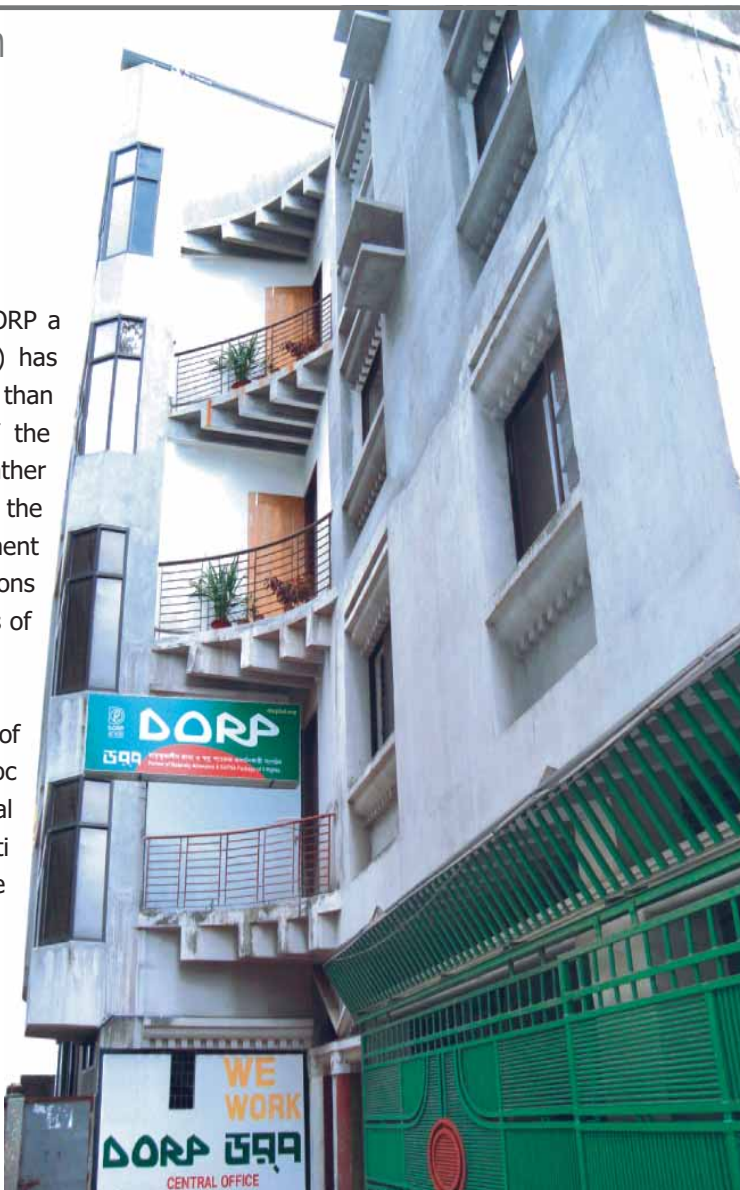
Introduction to the Organisation

1.1 Genesis of DORP

Development Organisation of the Rural Poor-DORP a national Non-Governmental Organisation (NGO) has been working in the development field for more than 2 decades in Bangladesh. The experiences of the organisation are not confined to specific field, rather diverse in action. The pioneer and founder of the organisation is the first generation development activist in the country, along-with his companions who have also long experience in different areas of development.

In 1970, just before the liberation war of Bangladesh, a devastating cyclone caused havoc and about 1 million people died in the coastal area. During that time some youths of Ramgati Thana under Laksmipur district (one of the severely cyclone affected areas) were organised to help the victims through relief and rehabilitation program. After completion of the works, it was realised that relief could only solve the immediate problems of the affected people but much more is needed for self reliance. Based on this realization, they started a cooperative movement ensuring the participation of the affected people under the name of Ramgati Central Cooperative Association. After starting the work, a new concept about rehabilitation was drawn in the minds of the organisers in the frame of creation and development of Cluster Village. The World Bank Christmas Party Fund supported the program under the name of Bishaw Gram and that was the ever first Cluster Village in the country set up at Ramgati, during 1970-71.

Thus, the present Secretary General and Founder of DORP, AHM Nouman was directly involved in relief and rehabilitation program and Bishaw Gram project as a pioneer and architect. Later on, realizing the importance and indispensability of self-help and self-reliance in promoting the sustainable development, he along with a few other pioneers, established the well-known Swanirvar Bangladesh, one of the leading self-reliance promoting NGO of the country. Working with this mission for a long time, they realised the change of social and economic situation of the country and felt to transform development sector through bottom-up approach, while people from rural areas of the country were the focal group of development. Eventually, in 1987, AHM Nouman with other like-minded professional rural development established DORP for achieving sustainable development activities through self-reliance.



Thus, DORP became an organisation of a set of social workers with adequate educational and technical expertise including grass root people, with local level experiences in the areas of integrated development. Its participatory approach was method of practice from the very beginning of the organisation. In DORP's evolution process, it has experimented out various approaches and undertaken some action-oriented research to identify direction of its programs with active participation of people specially the poor, women and riverine belt inhabitants as program partners.

1.8. Legal Status of the Organisation

DORP is a non-governmental voluntary development organisation registered the following GOB authorities with:

- Department of Social Service (DSS) vide registration No Dha- 02499 dated 22 October 1990, Renewed on 14 February 2008.
- NGO Affairs Bureau vide registration No. FDR-682 dated 02 February 1993, Renewed on 2 February 2008, and
- With Joint Stock Company under Societies Registration Act XX1 of 1860 vide No. S-2787 (200)/2002 dated 13, May 2002.

1.2 Vision, Mission, Objectives

1.2.1 Vision

DORP visualises poverty free, just society that is right-based, ecologically balanced, accountable, transparent, democratic and economically productive.

1.2.2 Mission

The mission of DORP is to empower the poor socially, economically, culturally and environmentally to exercise their human rights and live in the society with dignity and gender sensitivity.

1.2.3 Objectives

The major objectives of DORP are as follows;

1. Reduce Poverty for improving quality of life;
2. Empower the poor both socially and economically;
3. Resist/thwart environmental degradation;
4. Promote and establish human rights and social justice.

1.3 Core Values of the Organisation

Willingness to work with the deprived women and families of the coastal and riverine regions, comprising ethnic and religious minorities, people of pro-active attitude and non-violent social action recognising good work at all levels.

DORP uphold core values

- ⊗ Secular Behavior and Mutual Respect
- ⊗ Discipline and Team Work
- ⊗ Gender sensitivity and Human Dignity
- ⊗ Transparency and Accountability
- ⊗ Commitment and Cooperation
- ⊗ Cost-consciousness and Participatory Approach.

1.4 Policy & Management Approach

DORP has been performing the role of a facilitator among the program partners /target people to form and develop the people's organisations with autonomous character since its inception. DORP follows bottom up approaches for its

planning and programming. The general body of DORP determines the principles and broad outlines of all programs, in the light of which, the Executive Committee (EC) details the work plan, undertakes implementation and monitors the progress through participatory method. In EC meeting the status of program including problems with probable solutions are discussed and appropriate decisions are taken in presence of senior management staff of the programs. This top to bottom and bottom to top system has confirmed the participatory approach of the program planning . Similar participatory methods are practised for planning , decision- making and implementation strategies.

The Executive Committee (EC) meets 6 times a year to review the activities and provide necessary guidance to the Secretary General for smooth functioning and better implementation of the organisation activities . Service rules, staff development plan, resource person utilization policy are practiced effectively. Desk managers with a small secretariat monitor and coordinate each desk through a central coordination process by the central Coordinator and also finally by the Secretary General . Project managers, supervisors, field workers at grass root level are responsible for chain run, decision-making and implementation as per project design and demand . The opportunity of flexibility to cope with target people will need participation for their ownership over the resources and management.

1.5 Development Approach

DORP believes in the promotion and development of program excellence that produces leaders, voluteers, social catalyst, management catalyst and skilled workers with competence and professional commitments to participate and contribute in the sustainable development of the disadvantaged society. And keeping the said development views ahead, DORP has set forth and established the following approaches as means for achieving its development goal and objectives

- Facilitate and support the process of self-reliance through ensuring the proper and optimum utilisation and mobilisation of all kinds of local resources.
- Assist in enhancing institutional development of people's organisation for sustaining the development process in absence of any external support.
- Facilitate and ensure people's participation in community need assesment, activity planing, program review, management and controlling their own development.
- Promote and encourage the local voluntarism to serve as a core group of development catalyst. Facilitate the stimulation of human potentials towards self- actualisation.
- Mediate among the donors, Government and other development organisations as a part of policy advocacy for bringing positive changes and social reforms.
- Develop strong network of organisations for sharing ideas, experiences and views on the sustainable development.
- Initiate and develop demonstration projects, test innovative ideas, undertake action research for replication of the same in other areas.
- Facilitate organised group members to raise social awareness to realise their place and recongnition in the society.

1.6 Target people /Beneficiaries:

DORP creates opportunities for those, could not meet basic living facilities, unable to attain their choices and establish their rights in the society. On the other hand, they are abhorred as the burden of the society most of the time. DORP has clearly identified the specific needs and rights of these people by selecting them according to its vision.

1.6.1 Selection criteria of target peoples/beneficiaries:

- Landless families or owning less than half acre (50 decimal.) of land;
- Poor Women;

- Widows with no earning sources;
- Divorced/ separated women;
- School going children having less access to educational facilities due to poor earning of their parents;
- Adolescents having less knowledge on Reproductive health due to social stigma;
- Physical disabilities of the principal earning persons of poor families;
- Poor families having no seed money for income generation activities;
- Poor working community or individuals who have the capacity to develop entrepreneurship skills;
- Poor community having less knowledge & capacity to solve the Health, Water & Sanitation related problems ;
- The ethnic and religious minority groups ; and
- Gender equality is the core value in the selection process.

1.7 Selection criteria of target areas

- Disaster prone areas due to recurrences of calamities like Cyclone, Sidr and tidalwave, flood and river erosion causing widespread devastation and miseries. DORP's slogan is "creation from devastation".
- Urban Slum areas.
- Comparatively backward areas in communication, literacy and economic activities.
- Ethnic and religious minority areas.

1.7.1 Working Areas of DORP:

DORP is operating in 50 Upazilas of 20 Districts in coastal, plain, hill-districts and other parts of Bangladesh. The major thrust of action is on Health, Water & Sanitation, Education, Micro credit, HIV-AIDS Prevention, Resettlement & Rehabilitation, Agriculture, Afforestation, Gender issue, Environment, Human rights and rights of the minority people, etc which are further elaborated later.

1.10. Management Structure & Operation System:

DORP practises participatory management system from its inception. Participatory decision making process is ensured by the management in decision making, program planning, program implementation , by forming various committees, sharing with all staff in staff meeting, sectional meeting,etc. The DORP has 3 (three) Management Division and Several Program desk as follows. (1) PPI Division (2) MFA Division (3) REM Division

- a. Program Desks : i) Health, Nutrition, Water & Sanitation ii) Education iii) Agriculture, Fisheries, Forest, Water and Environment iv) Credit, Training, Low cost housing, v) Gender, Human Rights, Media, Relief-Rehabilitation and Disaster Management.
- b. Human Resource Development
- c. Administration
- d. Finance and Accounts
- e. Research, Monitoring and Evaluation
- f. Management information system (MIS)
- g. Professional and Management.

2. Institutional Strengths of DORP:

DORP involves the deprived people in the society; especially poor, women, coastal belt inhabitants, people with disability and ethnic and religious minorities for improving their resources, capacity development, institution building and facilitating them to stand on their own feet enabling them to be self-sustained with dignity and rights through continued growth & development. DORP has 39 years experienced personnel, who have profound experience in

development works of the urban slums and rural people as the founder of the first generation development worker. Over the period of time DORP has developed competency and efficiency in smooth implementation of welfare and development activities.

DORP has a competent, experienced, trained, skilled and educated fleet of professional staff. All the staff have proper academic background and training and they have the capabilities in planning, designing, managing and implementing development programs and other initiatives. The Research Section of DORP has been undertaking research activities on the on-going programs and providing future dimension of planning and rectification of present process. The research section is also doing advocacy and lobbying programs with the government and international policy makers especially in health sector aiming to improve governance system, and the accessibility of health service to the poor at primary level.

The monitoring and evaluation section supports the activities of the research section. Besides, DORP has well-equipped MIS section that is engaged in data input and analysis and help the management by providing analytical feedback to make the program dynamic and result-oriented. DORP has sound financial and accounting management system at all levels of financial dealings. DORP has the financial Manual that is followed in the whole accounting system. Internal audit is an in-built system of the organisation. Chartered Accountants Firm as per contract agreement and government guidelines conducts external audits of all projects.

1.9. Affiliated/Partnership with other apex bodies/ network/ forum:

- Federation of NGOs in Bangladesh - FNB
- People's Health Movement -PHM Bangladesh Circle.
- Bangladesh WASH Alliance
- Network on Health in-PRSP
- Coordinating Council for Human Rights in Bangladesh-CCHRB
- Bangladesh Shishu Adhikar Forum
- Global health workforce alliance
- Health Workforce Advocacy Initiative
- Coastal Fisher Folk Community Network-COFCON
- Voluntary Health Services Society-VHSS
- Credit Development Forum-CDF
- PKSF partner -Organisation
- STI/ AIDS Network of Bangladesh
- Forum for Non-Formal Education Program-FONEP

SL No.	Activities	Target	Achievement
1	Male participation in social mobilization	108	486
2	Bi monthly Health Village Committee meeting	324	540
3	WASH Budget Monitoring Club meeting	72	72
4	Four monthly Schools Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Monitoring Session	18	18
5	Day Observation	3	2
6	Wash Related Banner Display During/Before/After Union Meeting per standing committee	144	144
7	Booklet on Wash Monitoring Perspective	1	0
8	4 Monthly Agenda Based Meeting with FWC (Availability of Obstetric first Aid)	18	18
9	Consultation meeting	18	18
10	1) Union Education, Health & Family Planning and 2) Water, Sanitation & Sewerage Standing Committee Meeting	18	18
11	Advocacy meeting	12	12
12	Village Doctor Sensitizes	6	72
13	One to one Meeting(DGHS, FP & DPHE)	12	12
14	Health Village: WASH Monitoring Perspective (TV Seris):Quarterly	4	4
15	Newspaper Cutting and Filling for Health, Family Planning & DPHE (Quarterly) (Centrally)	12	12
16	Sticker (1000)	1000	
17	Newspaper Cutting and submit it to UHFPO, UFPO and DPHE (Quarterly)	12	12
18	Filling WASH Monitoring Formats	72	66
19	Open Budget Session at Union Parishad	6	6
20	Baseline survey	0	0
21	Advocacy training for WASH Budget Monitoring	0	0
22	Documents/Book Collection	Need Based	Need based
23	WASH Implementation news by local media	6	42
24	Local Level WASH Network Meeting	12	24
25	Coordination Meeting with Wash Alliance in Bangladesh	2	3
26	Annual (Exchange Sharing) Meeting of all WASH Budget Monitoring Clubs	1	0
25	Refreshers Training	1	1
26	Public Hearing	6	6
27	Ventilated Improved Pit VIP Latrine	0	0
28	Pre-Budget Session at Union parishad	6	6
29	Health Message by Rickshaw	80	180





The Challenges of WASH Budget Monitoring :

- Union Parishad WASH budget is not received timely from the relevant department / ministry and the received WASH budget is not properly utilized by union parishad.
- Community people demands are not fulfilled through the union parishad WASH budget because of insufficient budget allocation.
- WASH related service providers are not fully oriented on implementation (Budget) of Sector Development Plan (SDP) according to their commitment at upazila and downwards level.
- WASH budget allocation and WASH materials are not available from the DPHE for the community people and the role of DPHE to the community is not clear.

Ways Forward:

WASH budget monitoring initiative has got the appreciation from the government and civil society and international WASH related organization. WASH Budget Monitoring process has got the UN Best Practice Award 2013 "Water for Life" by selecting the project "Health Village: WASH Monitoring Perspective" as one of the finalists for category of two best participatory, communication, awareness raising and education practices. This recognition created an enormous encouragement and spirit in our budget monitoring work, and made us more responsive for this field. We feel this is the achievement of field workers and community groups who has been involved in the communication process, awareness raising initiatives and linking with other stakeholders as well as platforms where DORP has facilitated. The modalities of WASH budget monitoring includes the involvement of various stakeholders as well as community who has less voice raising capacity or get less attention from the decision makers particularly for WASH services. Therefore this award gave positive recognition of community engagement and multi-stakeholders participation.



b. Strengthening the Rural Health Service at Grassroot Level of Bangladesh

Introduction: In 2009 Cordaid organized a partners' consultation meeting. The purpose of the meeting was to share and discuss the draft policy and Strategic Plan (2011-2015) of Cordaid for Bangladesh with their partner organizations in Bangladesh and to take their input. Key issues in health sector were identified and prioritized in this workshop for future strategy development for the Health and Well-being program in Bangladesh. At the end of the workshop a network called 'Health Network' was formed with the partners of Cordaid working in health sector. The members of Health Network are NCB, DAM, RDRS, CUB, VARD, ADD, PHREB, SPD, VERC and DORP. It was decided that NCB would act as Secretariat and lead the network. We are implementing in two unions. We have two fields Facilitators in these two unions. This project is being looked after by REM Division, especially progress, process and outcome. This is very small initiative under Health Program.

Goal: To establish health rights of rural community through improving governance of community clinics, by increasing access to quality health services and reducing child and maternal mortality.

Objectives:

- To improve quality, accessibility, availability and affordability of health service delivery by strengthening the governance of the 54 community clinics management committee and 18 standing committee of the Union Parishad in selected rural areas of Bangladesh
- To aware community people, especially the women and other marginalised people on Community Clinics and its services especially on 3D i.e. Delay in access to information, Delay in reaching health care, and Delay in delivering health care in 18 unions of 9 upazila.
- To document lessons learned and good practices to disseminate and
- To conduct Lobby-advocacy jointly with other networks on TRIPS and to improve the quality of service delivery of CC to contribute to the MDG Goals 4 and 5.

Functional Status of Community Groups (CG):

The Community Group (CG) is mandated to steer for the proper implementation of CC project. CG is the local management group for Community Clinic. This group is created for monitoring the management of Community Clinic, ensuring active participation of community in running CC. Besides these, Community Group is meant to provide broad arena of services, such as to provide security, maintain cleanliness of Community Clinic, supervision of community Clinic, participate in LLP (Local Level Planning) by identifying local resource, form area based Support Group, and encourage people to receive services from Community Clinics.

Awareness about ANC and PNC service:

Most the patients now know about services available for pregnant mothers from the community clinics except DORP areas as Health Assistant (HA) and Family Welfare Assistant (FWA) were found irregular. The community groups also found weak to play their role. Overall, the mass people were found less aware about the ANC and PNC services.



Supply of Medicine:

As per operational manual, 28 type of medicines are available in the community clinics. These are Paracetamol, Histamine, Sulbutamol, Vitamin B-complex, Iron tab. Calcium tablet, ORS, Zinc tablet, Metronidazole, Amoxicillin, Albendazole, Amoxicillin, Antacid, Zinc Dispersible Chloramphenicol, Penicillin, Benzyl Benzoate ointment, Hyoscine, Erythromycin, ferrous Sulphate etc. It was also confirmed by the patients. Where supply of medicines is less than demand. The community demanded to increase the quantity of medicine. Due to increase in population per union the ratio of 1:6000 HH is no longer applicable it is strongly recommended that medicine should be allocated based on demand of the different areas.

Frequency of Patients visits to Community Clinics:

As community clinics are established at the door steps of the rural people, both new and old patients visit the CC on a regular basis. It was found that the confidence growing among the patients about the services received from community clinics. Many patients are now visiting CC. The following graph showed that 836 patients visited the CC frequently. Due to better services and campaigning the CC is attracting more patients.

Sustainability of the Community Clinics:

For the sustainability of community clinics the following suggestions were made:- collective initiatives of the community, local resource mobilization and management, proper functioning of Community Groups, more qualitative service by the service providers, active cooperation from LGI, proper monitoring by UH&FPO and UPFO. Regarding local resource mobilization collection of seasonal crops, local donation, zakat collection, membership fee, donation from elected representative, nominal service fee from patients, contribution from local elites and influential persons, from LG annual development fund etc.

c. Strengthening Partnerships, Results and Innovations in Nutrition Globally-SPRING

Goal of SPRING Bangladesh:

Improve nutritional status of women and children in order to decrease the prevalence of stunting among children in Barisal and Khulna divisions between 2011 and 2016 through increasing knowledge on nutrition and hygiene (ENA/EHA) and increasing access to nutritious foods (HFP).

SPRING Approach:

- Social and Behavior Change Communication.
- Nutrition education.
- Increasing household access and utilization of diversified foods through farmer field schools (FFS).

Target Population:

- Using the 1000 days approach.
- Households with pregnant and lactating women.
- Households with children under two.
- Average of 6,000 households in each of 10 sub-districts.

Role of DORP:

- DORP is working in SPRING project as an Implementing Partner out of five organizations.
- We are working in Ten (10) Upazilla's of two Divisions, Khulna & Barisal.
- The districts are, Bhola (7 Upazillas), Narail (2 Upazillas) & Magura (1 Upazilla).
- The duration of Project is October 2011 to September 2016.
- SPRING have made a contract with DORP up to 16th October 2012 to 15th April 2015.
- At field level we are operating through 80 Union Facilitators and 4 Field Supervisors & 2 Focal Persons in 10 Upazilla based offices.



Intermediate Results (IR):

IR 1.1: Country-specific SBCC programs strengthened and scaled up:

IR 1.2: Country-specific approaches to improve dietary quality and diversity advanced:

IR 1.3: Country-specific scale up of evidence-based nutrition interventions supported:

IR 2.1: Policy and advocacy efforts to support food and nutrition policies and programming strengthened:

IR 2.2: Evidence-based learning, monitoring, and evaluation for effective approaches to scale up nutrition services expanded:





DORP will work with various SPRING partners and stakeholders, in close coordination with SPRING staff, to implement SPRING project interventions at the household, village, union and Upazila levels.

DORP's staff will

- Identify and engage directly with project beneficiaries;
- Coordinate FFS activities and ensure support for homestead food production and nutrition messaging;
- Coordinate with government health workers and health facilities to provide training and support for improved routine nutrition counseling; and
- Reinforce nutrition and hygiene messages at the home, village and union levels through interpersonal communication and broad SBCC activities engaging different community groups (e.g. community clinic management committee).

Monitoring & Reporting

- Monitor and supervise field implementation at local level and liaise with SPRING Upazila Coordinator and Divisional Monitoring & Evaluation Specialist on data collection;
- Report to SC/SPRING on project progress & expenditures;
- Collect information for documentation purpose e.g. success story, case study; and
- Prepare and submit project progress and expenditure reports to SPRING project Division Manager/ monthly/ quarterly/annual as required.



d. Addressing Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) in South Western Bangladesh (WASH plus Project)

Right to safe drinking water, improved sanitation and hygiene (WASH) is a basic entitlement for life and dignity of every individual in a civilized society. Access to safe drinking water, improved sanitation and better hygiene practices are minimum fundamental requirements to transform lives and human dignity. With sustainable WASH access, people are able to minimize their domestic hardship, avoid disease burden, focus more on livelihood opportunities, manage safe waste management and lead a moderately healthy life in a sustainably healthy environment. Water-Aid believes that poverty, marginalization, safe environment and human dignity are inextricably linked with access to safe drinking water and improved sanitation, and the intensity of desired hygiene practice at personal, household and community level.

Specific objectives:

- o Integrated Coverage of WASH services and behavior among poor through the use of locally appropriate approaches and technologies.
- o Improve community and LG capacity to: target the poor, operate and maintain WASH facilities and open community contributions to ensure sustainability and impact.
- o Strengthen evidence base and guidance for integrated WASH and Nutrition program.

Project period:

April, 2013 to 15 May, 2015

Funded by:

Water Aid Bangladesh

Working Area: 8 Ujnions namely Aminabad, Osmangonj, Ewajpur, Kukri Mukri, Charmanika, Dhalchar, Rasulpur, Hazarigonj under Charfassion Upazilla of Bhola district.



Mr. AHM Nouman proposal clauses 5'vii ...Raise awareness at all levels to foster demand and build capacity for sanitation and hygiene including but not limited to youth led movements, pro-poor public private partnerships and the media... have been adopted in Kathmandu Declaration Dated 22nd-24th October 2013.

Upazila Nirbahi Officer, Md. Rezaul Karim giving prize of Global Hand washing day at Ewajpur Union on dated 22.10.2013



Progress report: April, 2013 to December, 2013

SL No.	Activities with target	Status
1.	Inception activities: Office establishment (9 no.), Recruitment & selection of Staff (41 no.), Foundation Training for PNGOs key and Front line staff, Inception Workshop at Upazila level (1 no.), Organized project sensitization meeting (8 no.)	Done
2.	Analysis and Planning: Update UP profile with PRA exercise and coverage information (8 Unions) Conduct community situation analysis (CSA) to identify extreme poor, marginalized and people with disabilities (460 no.)	Done
3.	Addressing sanitation and Hand washing: Teachers orientation on basic hygiene promotion (8 no.), Campaign at school and catchment areas using hand washing demonstration (8 no.)	Done
4.	Raise awareness and Build Capacity of Communities, Local Partners Orientation of LGI officials on WASH on their role (8 no.) Union Watsan committee meeting (Quarterly) Union Social welfare & Disaster management standing Committee meeting (Quarterly) Conduct regular coaching for Community WASH Volunteers	Done On going
5.	Strengthen Capacity of Local Government Organize and conduct leadership and advocacy training for CDFs (72 no.) Training for community volunteers and other promoters (8 Unions) Staff Meeting (Monthly), Ceasing open defecation through community participation (Tea stall meeting) per ward fortnightly in 72 ward Developing and mobilize Whistle blowing Group (72 groups) Whistling blowing group session Conduct issue based training for staff of PNGOs (Water quality, health and safety, GPS etc.)	On going Done On going Done
6.	Advocacy to Prioritize WASH, mobilize additional resources Sanitation month (8 Unions) Global Hand washing day (8 Unions)	Done



e. District Health Services Strengthening-DHSS

Project Goal:

District Health Services Strengthening-DHSS project goal is to improve utilization of integrated MNCH/FP/N services.

Project Objective:

To increase availability and quality of high-impact interventions through strengthening district-level local management and health systems.

Intermediate Results:

- IR.1** Improve service readiness through critical gap management;
- IR.2** Strengthen health systems at district level and below;
- IR.3** Promote an enabling environment to strengthen district-level health systems; and
- IR.4** Identify and reduce barriers to accessing health services.



Program Activities:

- ⊗ Capacity Building: Train field workers, Supervisors & service providers
- ⊗ Critical Gap management to ensure services in low performing areas
- ⊗ Strengthening oversight of local government (LG) for MNH-FP-N
- ⊗ National Immunization Day (NID) Observation
- ⊗ Community Engagement with Health System
- ⊗ Community Action Group (CAG) Meeting
- ⊗ World Breastfeeding Week Observation
- ⊗ Mass BCC Activities to raise awareness
- ⊗ Hand Washing Day Observation
- ⊗ Strategic facility preparedness
- ⊗ Family Planning Counseling
- ⊗ Ham-rubella Campaign
- ⊗ Media Dark Campaign
- ⊗ Vitamin A+ Campaign
- ⊗ Bill board Installation
- ⊗ Satellite Clinic Visit
- ⊗ ANC-1 Service
- ⊗ PNC Service



Training & Orientation at a glance:

Training/Orientation	Total Batch	Start Date	End Date	Duration (Day)	Participant		
					Male	Female	Total
Staff Orientation	1	16.08.13	16.08.13	1	48	22	70
MNHFPN Field Worker	18	18.08.13	26.09.13	5	239	204	443
MNHFPN Service Provider	8	23.09.13	24.10.13	5	113	96	209
ANC & PNC	3	06.10.13	22.10.13	3	0	66	66
UP Advocacy Meeting	40	23.09.13	9.10.13	1	974	296	1270
Union Parishad Orientation	40	14.09.13	31.10.13	2	515	125	640
FSO Job Description	2	14.09.13	21.09.13	4	38	10	48
DC-FC Job Description	1	3.10.13	5.10.13	3	1	0	1
Tot on UC-TO Job Description	1	25.10.13	29.10.13	4	2	0	2
UC-TO Job Description	2	16.11.13	28.11.13	5	11	2	13
Tot for TBA Orientation	2	21.11.13	24.11.13	1	10	10	20
Upazila Advocacy Meeting	4	31.10.13	12.11.13	1	226	47	273
Basic Facilitation Skill training	3	30.11.13	9.12.13	3	45	14	59
CV Orientation(Step-1)	226	25.10.13	11.12.13	2	1,224	4,856	6,080
CV Orientation(Step-2)	216	26.11.13	24.12.13	3	1,087	4,826	5,913
TBA Orientation	7	6.12.13	20.12.13	1	0	198	198
CAG Meeting	873	5.01.14	31.01.14	1	3960	9317	13277
Total	1447	16.08.13	31.01.14		8493	20089	28582

Target Group:

- Pregnant Mother's
- Up to 5 yrs children
- Community people
- Eligible couple
- Mother's

Financial Supported by : **USAID**
 Technical Supported by : **Save the Children**
 Implemented by : **DORP**
 Working Area : **Noakhali Sadar, Subarnachar, Chatkhil, Sonaimuri Upazila under Noakhali District**
 Total Number of Staff : **70**
 Project Period : **June '13- December'13**



a. Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education (UNIQUE-II)

DORP has been working on Formal and Non-Formal education with the financial assistance of BNFE and other Donors since 1993. DORP has made 1,49,963 people literate through 5441 centers of 47 Upazila in the country during the last 20 years.

Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education (UNIQUE II) Project:

Introduction: DORP is implementing UNIQUE II is a six year project started its activities in January 2012. The Project is being implemented with the financial support of the European Union and Dhaka Ahsania Mission is a lead Organisation. The major objective of the Project is to impart quality primary

education to out-of-school and drop-out children particularly from the disadvantaged group through the multigrade teaching learning approach. It also intends to provide pre- school as well as subject based remedial services to the slow learners of targeted Government primary schools. In the meantime above



TEO Kamruzzaman Azim presented model class of Doylotkhan camp



3900 drop-out and out of school children and 600 slow learners have already been enrolled in this program. The project will be ended on November 2017. With total staff 179 in 3 areas named 1) Daulatkhan 2) Lalmohon 3) Tajumuddin of Bhola island district.

Major Activities performed during the reporting period:

- 1.1 Community mobilization
- 1.2 Operating 130 NPFE centers
- 1.3 Conducting monthly CAG and CMC meeting
- 1.4 Conducting bimonthly parents meeting
- 1.5 Developing of need-based curriculum and supply of exercise materials
- 1.6 Operating 24 CAMP centers for slow learners
- 1.7 Plantation of 8884 samplings at community level under social safety net Program.
- 1.8 Conducting jointly meeting with formal Primary School Management Committee (SMC) members & Center Management Committee (CMC) members
- 1.9 Conducting quarterly meeting with Union Education committee (UEC)
- 1.10 Developed localized curriculum and indigenous learning material
- 1.11 Organizing quarterly stakeholder meeting
- 1.12 Conducting competency based assessment
- 1.13 Establishing linkage of the poor parents for better livelihood.

Jannat succeeded GPA 5 wish to be a lawyer



Success history of UNIQUE II Project :

Jannat has come from a very poor family of char Lalmohon village of lalmohon union and lalmohon upazila under Bhola district. Her father name is Ohidur Rahman who is a day labour and her mother Shahinur Begum is a rural housewife. She is the younger one among her two brothers and sisters. She got no opportunity for school enrollment till she was 8 years old. The main reason for her non enrollment with school because of poverty and school was far distance from residence.

DORP established a Children Learning Center (CLC) under UNIQUE Project. In 2007, DORP was conducting baseline survey for identifying

drop out and out of school children. Jannat was one of them. Her mother contacted with Ms. Maynur Begum, tutor of the children learning center and she came to know that children will be enrolled and they will be provided NCTB books along with exercise reading material. Her mother discussed about the learning center facilities with her father. They have decided to send Jannat for schooling in Dr. Alauddin Miar Bari CLC premises. After enrollment she found serious and committed learning lessons and she also participate cultural and co-curricular activities. In the course of time, she achieved the competency upto grade – iv. Afterwards, she got admission in east Lalmohon Govt. primary school in class- v in 2012. She completes her course of class v and she set for the primary school final examination in 2012 and succeed with GPA 5. At present, she is studying in class vi in Lalmohon Asraf Ali High School. She has planned for her carrier to be a lawyer in future.

b. Circular of Ministry of Primary & Mass Education regarding Education & Cultural card of Maternity Allowance Centered SAPNA Package

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নম্বর-৩৮.০১১.০৩৫.০০.০০.০১৪.২০১২-২১৭ তারিখ: ০৭ জুলাই ২০১৩

বিষয়: মাতৃকৃতনিত ভাতা ঐক্য মা'দের "বপু" প্যাকেজের আওতায় প্রদত্ত শিক্ষা ও সংস্কৃতি কার্ডে উপজেলা শিক্ষা কর্মকর্তার অংশগ্রহণ সংক্রান্ত।

সূত্র: ৩৮.০০.০০০০.১১৭.০১৪.০৪.১৩-৩৬২, তারিখ: ২৯ মে ২০১৩।

উপরোক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রের প্রেক্ষিতে নির্দেশক্রমে "ডব্লুপ" শীর্ষক এনজিওর বপু প্যাকেজের আওতায় শিক্ষা ও সংস্কৃতি কার্ডে নিম্নোক্ত শর্তসাপেক্ষ উপজেলা শিক্ষা অফিসারকে স্বাক্ষর করার অনুমতি প্রদান করা হলো। উল্লেখ্য ডব্লুপ নোয়াখালী জেলার চাটবিলা, লক্ষীপুর জেলার কমলনগর ও রামগতি এবং গাজীপুর জেলার কালীগঞ্জ উপজেলায় ৪৪২ জন মা'কে শিক্ষা ও সংস্কৃতি কার্ড প্রদান করবে।

শর্ত:

(ক) জেলা প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অফিসার এবং উপজেলা শিক্ষা অফিসারের সাথে যোগাযোগ করে বিষয়টির ছাড়পত্র গ্রহণপূর্বক কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করতে পারে;

(খ) শিক্ষা ও সংস্কৃতি কার্ডের ক্ষেত্রে সর্বপ্রথম উপজেলা সমন্বয়কারী (বপু ডব্লুপ), ইউনিয়ন পরিষদ বাধ্যতামূলক (প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা বাস্তবায়ন পরিবীক্ষণ ও সমন্বয় কমিটির প্রতিনিধি), উপজেলা শিক্ষা কর্মকর্তা, সর্বশেষে উপজেলা জহিস চেয়ারম্যান (মহিলা) কর্তৃক স্বাক্ষরের ধারাবাহিকতায় সংশোধনী আনতে হবে;

(গ) সংস্কৃতি কার্ডে মাসিক অগ্রগতির প্রতিবেদন সংশ্লিষ্ট উপজেলা শিক্ষা অফিসার, জেলা প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অফিসার এবং প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তরের পরিকল্পনা ও উন্নয়ন বিভাগে প্রেরণ করতে হবে।

২। এমতাবস্থায়, শিক্ষা ও সংস্কৃতি কার্ডে উপরোক্ত শর্ত অনুসরণপূর্বক স্বাক্ষর করার বিষয়ে উপরোক্ত এলাকায় উপজেলা শিক্ষা কর্মকর্তাদের অনুকূলে প্রয়োজনীয় নির্দেশনা প্রদান করার জন্যও নির্দেশক্রমে অনুরোধ করা হলো।

সংস্কৃত: বর্ণনা মোতাবেক

স্বাক্ষরিত/-
(ড. ফারুক আহাম্মদ)
সিনিয়র সহকারী প্রধান
ফোন: ৯৫৭৭২৫৭

মহাপরিচালক
প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তর, মিরপুর, ঢাকা।

অনুলিপি:

১। মহাপরিচালক, এনজিও বিষয়ক ব্যুরো, প্রধানমন্ত্রীর কার্যালয়, ১৩ নং শহীদ ক্যাম্পেইন মুনসুর আলী স্মারণী, মৎস ভবন (১০ম তলা), রমনা, ঢাকা।
২। এএইচএম নোমান, সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল এবং প্রতিষ্ঠাতা, ডব্লুপ, ৩৬/২, পূর্ব শেওড়া পাড়া, মিরপুর, ঢাকা-১২১৬।

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সদয় অবগতি ও পরবর্তী প্রয়োজনীয় কার্যার্থে এতদসঙ্গে প্রেরণ করা হলো।

অনুলিপি:

১। বিভাগীয় উপ-পরিচালক, প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা, ঢাকা/চট্টগ্রাম বিভাগ।
২। জেলা প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অফিসার, নোয়াখালী/লক্ষীপুর/গাজীপুর।
৩। উপজেলা শিক্ষা অফিসার, (ভাঁকে বর্ণিত নির্দেশনা অনুসারে প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুরোধ করা হলো।)
৪। মহাপরিচালক মহোদয়ের ব্যক্তিগত সহকারী, প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা (মহাপরিচালক মহোদয়ের সদয় অবগতির জন্য)।

(মোহাম্মদ মীর আবদুল হালিম)
সহকারী পরিচালক (পরিকল্পনা ও উন্নয়ন)
ফোন: ৯০০৪৯২০।

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Chapter 4 Economic Program

Rural Micro Credit

Introduction: DORP Micro credit is an important program of the organization. The program is being implemented in 503 villages of 15 Upazilas under than 6 districts with PKSF and Non PKSF fund. In these two Micro Credit program total members of staff are 52. Achievements of these credit program up to June, 2013.

1. Component wise achievement for 2012/2013

Sl No	Component/ Product	Member	Savings	Borrower	Disbursement	Cumulative Disbursement	Principal Outstanding	Overdue
1	Rural Micro- Credit	8198	13946208	6591	81895000	521134000	49682823	9062842
2	Micro- Enterprise	289	847080	274	9260000	59336000	7707620	2314528
3	Seasonal Loan	314	0	314	6000000	33320000	6138894	123894
4	DML	87	0	319	0	4003000	88768	88768
5	EFRRAP	378	0	378	0	300450 0	561025	561025
6	Ultra Poor	297	356564	252	2857000	5416000	1537850	7887
7	JMBA	0	0	0	0	30682000		0
	NON PKSF	3840	4187881	3700	15967000	190628163	18996442	7797115
	Total	13403	21159859	11828	115979000	847523663	84713422	19956059

2. Revolving loan fund information analysis is given bellow:

Revolving loan fund: Revolving loan fund information is given below in the table.

SL NO	Name of the Components	Total fund Received	Fund Refund	Fund Balance
01	PKSF			
02	Rural Micro-Credit	123000000	94200000	28800000
03	Micro-Enterprise	24000000	20800000	3200000
04	Seasonal Loan	33100000	27100000	6000000
05	JMBA	14000000	14000000	0
06	DML	4000000	4000000	0
07	EFRRAP	3000000	3000000	0
08	Ultra Poor	2500000	1833333	666667
09	Total	203600000	164933333	38666667
	Organization Loan	1014260	1014260	0
	Total PKSF	204614260	165947593	38666667
	Non PKSF	3945000	2287998	1657002
Grand Total	PKSF+NON PKSF	208559260	168235591	40323669

A Case Study of a Successful Loanee:

Mrs. Asiron, Husband is Md. Abdullah, Upazila Bhuapur, District Tangial. She is a member of Polsiya DORP samati. Code is 14, member no is.. Her husband is a farmer. Mrs. Asiron joins as a member in 30th June 2009. She has taken 1st loan Tk. 10000 for vegetable cultivation, 2nd loan Tk. 15000 for vegetable cultivation and 3rd loan Tk. 20000 for cow rearer. 4th loan 25000Tk for vegetable cultivation and 20000 signal loan for beef fattening. After that she received last loan of Tk. 29000 It is running now. Her savings is Tk. 4246. Before joining DORP credit program she had no land. Her husband was small farmer. Now she has an own land, three cows and 50 decimal vegetable cultivator land. She is model vegetable cultivator and Model cow rearer. Mrs. Asiron has two sons. They are going to school. Now they are happy.



Fund received from PKSf and savings from members of the samiti during 2012-2013
Productivity Ratio Analysis (PKSF & Non PKSf)

SL NO	Particulars	Ratio
01	Number of branch	17
02	Numbers of Credit Officer	37
03	Number of members	13403
04	Number of Borrowers	11828
05	Loan outstanding	84713422
06	Average member per CO	362
07	Average borrower per CO	320
08	Average loan outstanding per CO	2289552
09	Average loan outstanding per branch	4983142
10	2012-2013 Loan disbursement	115979000
11	One Time Realization(OTR)	98.49
12	Cumulative Realization rate(CRR)	97.54
13	Surplus/Reserve	1717438

Impact of the Credit program

Employment facility is being created by the Credit Program for the borrowers and their family members.

Action Plan for the year 2013-2014

Sl No.	Particulars	Present	Target 2013-2014
1	Member Admission	13403	3811
2	Borrowers increase	11828	3500
3	Loan Disbursement	115979000	134013200
4	Loan outstanding	84713422	110221055

Hope 2013-14 will be a year of increasing income and reducing over due. Now DORP Management is giving top priority for Micro-Credit Program. We hope, overall achievement will be more in 2013 due to special emphasis and drive of the management.

Social Assistance Program for Non-Asseters (SAPNA)

Introduction: SAPNA is an integrated social safety net model, based on FIVE pillars (Figure 1) for the Maternity Allowance recipient mothers. The nation will get rid of the poverty trap through its implementation by 20 years of a generation. This SAPNA model, has been implementing on pilot basis in four Upazila namely: Ramgoti & Komolnagor of of Lakshmipur District, Chatkhil of Noakhali District and Kaligonj of Gazipur District with the generous support and patronage of the "Agencia Española de Cooperación Internacional para el Desarrollo-AECID" (Spanish Agency of International Cooperation for Development). This Project, involving 442 Maternity Allowance recipient mothers as direct beneficiaries, started in 30 December 2010 and accomplished in September 2012.

Goal: To improve the living conditions of the poorest women of Bangladesh promoting their access to basic rights, such as health, education, housing and livelihood support and to accelerate the Government's commitment regarding poverty reduction through lobby and advocacy for the creation of a Social Safety Net, based on five pillars: 1. Health 2. Education 3. Housing 4. Livelihood Development Seed Money and 5. Access to Micro-credit, which will cover these women first and then progressively to the entire population of Bangladesh.



Objectives:

1. Better the living conditions of the poorest women, Maternity Allowance recipient mothers, promoting their access to basic rights like: health, Education housing and livelihood support.
2. Facilitate, through lobby and advocacy activities for an increased allocations of Maternity Allowance in the National Budget and the creation of a Social Safety Net, based on the Five Pillars, for the allowance recipient mothers.
3. Prepare a follow-up mechanism of the distribution of Maternity Allowance done by the governmental institutions.
4. Conduct a study that will facilitate (a) to understand the real benefits and effects of Maternity Allowance on the poor women for poverty alleviation and (b) to formulate a Safety Net plan for 20 Years Future Vision.

Activities and Achievement

Improvement of Living Conditions of the Beneficiaries

- Health and Education cards have been distributed to 442 Mothers.
- A total of 416 fortnightly non formal education sessions for the beneficiaries have been accomplished.
- education session 3 for the couples have been conducted.
- Gender training for the 104 couples have been conducted.
- Total 442 houses have been refurbished including the installation of sanitary latrine.
- Total of 442 full livelihood packages have been handed over to the beneficiaries.
- 1 orientation meeting on micro-credit has been held in 26 Unions.

Lobby and Advocacy

- Advocacy materials, project magazines, have been published (4).
- GO-NGO meeting at local level in four Upazila have been organized (1).
- International Mother Day has been observed with rally and discussion meeting at each area
- International Women Day has been observed with discussion meeting at each area.
- Press conferences at central level have been organized (2).
- Meeting with stakeholders has been accomplished at each area (1).
- Seminars at national level have been organized (2).
- Multi-media presentation on SAPNA in the publication ceremony of the study report on Maternity Allowance.
- Multi-media presentation on SAPNA in the seminar arranged by DORP with Go.NGO, local and others stakeholder persons at BARD, Comilla.

Data Collection and Monitoring

- Total 26 committees have been formed to supervise the situation of the housing and improvement works.
- Data of 442 mothers and their families have been collected.
- Follow-up mechanism of Maternity Allowance distribution has been developed.
- Evaluation is currently conducting by third party.
- A Safety Net plan with 20 years Vision has been completed.
- "Public-Poor Partnership Agreement" has been completed in each area.

Impact of SAPNA

The SAPNA service package reflect impacts are as follows-

- 1.** Safe motherhood and health, nutrition, education and adequate growth and development of the children are ensured.
- 2.** The beneficiaries are being able to use their available skills through livelihood package for the socio-economic development of the society.
- 3.** Women's status in the family has improved through their empowerment. Socio-economic development of the families are being accelerated on the basis of gender equity.
- 4.** Different types of malpractice like: dowry, child early marriage, violence against women etc. are being reduced gradually.
- 5.** The sense of ownership is being infused into the poor to stimulate confidence for breaking poverty trap. As a result, SAPNA Mother have been over coming the poverty culture and their right of self-determination is being established. And the establishment **of self-control is the first step towards sustainable development.**



a. Bakhrabad-Siddhirganj Gas Transmission Pipeline- GTCL

Bakhrabad Siddhirganj Gas Transmission Pipeline Project was approved by ECNEC on March 01, 2008 with a view to supply natural gas to the 2X150 MW Siddhirganj Peaking Power Plant by constructing a 30 inch diameter and 60 km long (approx.) gas transmission pipeline from Bakhrabad to Siddhirganj and associated facilities with joint financing by the Government of Bangladesh (GoB) and the World Bank.

The core component of the RAP is to provide institutional and financial assistance to the PAPs to replace their lost resource such as land, residential/commercial structures, trees, and losses of business/employment opportunities. As per policy of resettlement, the livelihood of the affected persons' should be better, if possible at least maintain the previous economic status. 1534 EPs will be both permanently and temporally affected as pipeline will pass through their 1443 plots.

A contract between GTCL and DORP was signed on January 19, 2011 to be ended April 2014 to implement Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) and assisting in Land Acquisition and Requisition for the project affected persons.

1. Project Duration: February 2011 to April 2014;
2. Project Staffs: 23;
3. Project Area: Comilla, Munsigonj and Narayangonj zilla;
4. Project Budget : 49,20,500.00 (Including VAT and Tax).

The specific tasks of INGO as per the Terms of Reference (TOR) are to:

- ◇ Assist GTCL in LA process preparation and updating of Resettlement Plans.
- ◇ Conduct Baseline Socio Economic Survey/Verify the joint verification survey computerize.
- ◇ Finalize Implementation Tools. Disseminate Information and Feedback.
- ◇ Identify Eligible APs for Entitlement.
- ◇ Assist EPs in Receiving CCL and Collect Award Books issuance of ID Cards for EPs to open Bank Accounts.
- ◇ Ensure Service of Acquisition Notices.
- ◇ Pursue DCs to Expedite LA process.
- ◇ Assist in Grievance Redress mechanism & in receiving Resettlement Benefits and EPs in Relocation/Resettlement.
- ◇ Hold Information Campaign.
- ◇ Develop CMIS and Prepare reports etc.
- ◇ Prepare EP Files and ECs.
- ◇ Supervise & Monitor Resettlement activities.
- ◇ Conduct the livelihood restoration program.

Physical Progress of Activities as of November 2013

Sl. No.	Actions	Item weight in %	Achievement in %		
			Cumulative	Till month of Nov'13	Month of Nov'13
1)	Recruitment, training and deployment	3%	3.00	3.00	-
2)	Assist in Land Acquisition Activities	2%	1.92	1.89	0.028
3)	Preparation and Updating of RAP	3%	3.00	3.00	-
4)	Participation in Joint Verification	3%	3.00	3.00	-
5)	Property Assessment and Valuation	3%	3.00	3.00	-
6)	Information Campaign	5%	4.91	4.88	0.029
7)	Assist APs in Relocation	15%	12.89	12.21	0.680
8)	Identification of EPs	15%	12.28	12.28	-
9)	Participation in GRCs	3%	3.00	3.00	-
10)	Technical Services	15%	13.22	13.22	-
11)	Assist EPs in the process of Resettlemen	25%	23.30	22.74	0.561
12)	Supervision and Monitoring	8%	8.00	8.00	-
Grand Total		100%	91.51	90.22	1.30

b. Tongi-Bhairab Double Line-TBDLP

Tongi – Bhairab Bazar Double Line Construction Sub-project, (TBDLP) is one of the sub-projects under the Bangladesh Railway Sector Investment Program. Asian Development Bank (ADB) is the Co-Financier and Bangladesh Railway is the Executing Agency (EA). The project, when implemented would reduce the travel time and increase the volume of passengers and freights. According to UFRP the project requires 104.66 ha land where 86.52 ha belongs to BR and the remaining private owned 18.14 ha requires acquisition, 7311 persons would be displaced physically from the Row and total affected persons identified was 14,512 for implementation of the project. Though the positive impact of the project is expected to be enormous, yet many people would be affected losing their homesteads, agriculture land, trade/business, sources of income etc. Harmonizing GOB Law and the ADB policy of involuntary resettlement the affected people are entitled to get compensation for their lost land, damaged crops, structures, trees etc. and to protect them from dipping below the livelihood level they were on. DORP entered into an agreement with BR on 13 October 2011. DORP has been assisting the persons affected due to acquisition of land to get compensation from the DC and other resettlement benefits from the Bangladesh Railway.

The Program

The program includes processing acquisition of land, assessment and valuation of affected properties, determination of individual losses and entitlements, payment of cash compensation and resettlement benefits and assisting the affected people in the relocation, rehabilitation and livelihood restoration.



Progress of land acquisition and payment of CCL:

Sl.	Areas	Land in acre	LA Estimate in Tk.	Payment in Tk.	Progress %
1	Gazipur District	20.5570	532,249,476.39	407528142.84	76.57
2	Narsingdi District	18.7506	352,366,199.27	288919909.47	81.99
	Total	39.3076	884,615,675.66	696448052.31	78.72

Assistance to EPs

As a part of the scope of work DORP has been assisting the affected persons that are mentioned below:

1. Ensure issuance of notice u/s 3, 6, & 7 for land acquisition, target 1288, achievement 1288;
2. Assist EPs in receiving compensation, target 1876, achievement 1577;
3. Assist EPs in receiving compensation, target 1876, achievement 1577;
4. Maintain close liaison with DC offices for payment of CCL, target 1288, achievement 1261;
5. Motivation of EPs for relocation, target 3000, achievement 1641;
6. Payment of Resettlement Benefits, target 3000, achievement 2030;
7. Assist EPs in process of relocation, target 3000, achievement 1199;
8. Preparation of EP files & ECs, target 3000, achievement 550;
9. Assist Vulnerable EPs in Relocation, target 500, achievement 114.

Information Campaign

1. Distribution of Information Brochure, target 10,000, achievement 6017.
2. Distribution of leaflets, target 10,000, achievement 6998.
3. Personal contact, target 15,000, achievement 16476.
4. AP Consultation Meeting, target 200, achievement 133.
5. Publicity by loud speaker, target 400 hours, achievement 353 hours.

DORP started implementation of the Resettlement Plan of the TBDLP from October 2011 with a target to complete the work within October 2013. Due to delay in payment of compensation the BR extended the contract period up to October 2014 with a skeleton manpower. DORP is trying to accomplish the responsibility successfully in cooperation with BR.



c. Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development- DWSSDP

Based on the successful completion of project proposal assessment by WASA-PMU, DMC/ADB, DORP has been awarded **DWSSDP-2.5(MODS ZONE-10)** with effect from November1, 2013 to January 2016. DORP is equipped through orientation training, staff meeting, field level supervision and guidance including implementation guidelines. Regular review, clarification, demonstration field visit of project related issues for the staffs are arranged by the DORP Team Leader including office attendance and field level record keeping.

- **Project Duration:** November 2013 to January 2016.
- **Project Staffs:** 6.
- **Project Area:** DMA-1001 to 1010 (Rokeya sharoni to Mirpur-12)
- **Project Budget:** 38,08,400.00 (Including VAT & Tax)

Specific objectives of the assignment and activities are:

1. Act as the information source centre for community interaction with the project
2. Manage the sensitization effort
3. Prepare the list of the potential APs and issue ID cards
4. Prepare a video record of the project roads/ alignment one week ahead of the start of works .
5. Prepare the entitlement of the APs in the case of the road which will be blocked temporarily for not more than 5 days.
6. Ensure compensation payment to each APs as per RF
7. Support the grievance redress activities from time to time during implementation of the works
8. Maintain liaison between Community, Contractor and DWASA during the execution of the works



Resettlement Workers are visiting home for data collection.



Contract signed between DORP & DWASA on 13 October 2013

SL No	Activity	Achievement	Remark
01	Project staff recruitment and placement	06 persons including TL	-----
02	Project orientation training	05 completed	Organized by DMC and DORP
03	Project related meeting held	04 meetings completed	Including 02 weekly staff meeting
04	Field visit work plan/activities	12 days at 1006 DMA	TL & Supervisor visited field work
05	Worker met/aware household level	about 100 families & 400 community peoples	To support contractors HH connection survey.

Chapter 7 Media, Communication & Publication

Media, Communication & Publication

DORP's has a Unique Media, Communications and Publications Section. These activities are working to spread to everyone. From this section of DORP do momentous Printing of publications and organizes various events. Moreover, especially DORP has intensive involvement of the media world. From this desk activities of DORP Periodically published home and abroad through electronic and print media. This year (2013) exception did not occur, this year DORP media section has publishing many news and features about activities of DORP and arrange many T. V Talk show On various important topics. Some notable media coverage's are given below:

- South Asian Conference on Sanitation (SACOSAN-V), Nepal: South Asian Conference on Sanitation (SACOSAN-V), held on October 22, to 24, 2013 Khatmundu, Nepal. South Asian Eight country's representatives attended this program on behalf of DORP media desk and our honorable Secretary General Mr. AHM Nouman also attended with Bangladeshi representative group, and covers all news and photography for publishing print and online news portal.
- Gusi Peace prize International Award Ceremony, Philippine: Gusi Peace prize International Award Ceremony - 2013, Philippine, held on November 27, 2013. Attended this program in favor of media desk of DORP with 1st Bangladeshi award laureate AHM Nouman Secretary General DORP for covering all news and photography for publishing print and electronic media and online news portal.



The Daily Star

MAY 22, 2013

SOCIAL SAFETY NET BUDGET More allocation for poor expectant mothers sought

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Speakers yesterday urged the government to increase the budgetary allocation for social safety net programmes so that health and nutrition-related services for underprivileged expectant mothers can be ensured.

Praising the existing act...

(SAPNA) centred on maternal and child health.

Power and the Rur program Dr H chairmat

উপকূল প্রতিদিন

১০ জুন ২০১৩

হিমালয়ের দেশে দক্ষিণ-এশীয় স্যানিটেশন চিত্র কাঠমুন্ডু ঘোষণার মধ্য দিয়ে দক্ষিণ এশীয় স্যানিটেশন সম্মেলন সমাপ্ত সকলের জন্য উন্নত স্যানিটেশন ব্যবস্থা গড়ে তোলার আহ্বান



সম্মেলনের অংশে উপস্থিত হওয়া স্যানিটেশন কর্মসূচির কর্মসূচী পরিচালক ড. হুমায়ুন কবীর (কেন্দ্রীয়) এবং স্থানীয় কর্মসূচী পরিচালক ড. হুমায়ুন কবীর (স্থানীয়)।

দৈনিক পূর্বাঞ্চল

সোমবার ৮ জুলাই ২০১৩

ফকিরহাটে মা সংসদ-এর দিনব্যাপী কর্মশালা অনুষ্ঠিত

নিজস্ব সংবাদদাতা: ফকিরহাটে (বাগেরহাট) পানি স্যানিটেশন ও জনস্বাস্থ্য বাতিকে অগ্রাধিকার দিয়ে স্থানীয় পর্যায়ের সমস্যা চিহ্নিত করে তা উদ্ভাবন থেকে জাতীয় পর্যায়ে বিবেচনের মাধ্যমে নীতি নির্ধারণের হেতু ধরার লক্ষ্যে বাগেরহাটের ফকিরহাটে উপজেলা 'মা সংসদ' এর কার্যক্রম শুরু হয়েছে।

অর্থনীতি প্রতিদিন

সোমবার ১০ জুন ২০১৩

বাজেটে পানি ও স্যানিটেশনে বরাদ্দ অপ্রতুল

অর্থনীতি প্রতিবেদক: সহস্রাব্দ উন্নয়ন দক্ষ্যামাড়া অর্জনে পানি ও স্যানিটেশন বাজেট জনপ্রতি ২৮২ টাকা বরাদ্দের কথা থাকলেও বরাদ্দ হচ্ছে মাত্র ৩৬ টাকা। অর্থাৎ এ বাজেট চাকা বরাদ্দের মধ্যে থেকে ৮১ টাকা। এ ক্ষেত্রে স্থানীয় চাহিদার ভিত্তিতে দুই পরিকল্পনার মাধ্যমে বরাদ্দ দিতে হবে বলে প্রত্যাশিত।

the independent

SUNDAY AUGUST 4, 2013

'More social investment needed for poverty alleviation'

AKRAM HOSSAIN

DHAKA, AUG 3: Social investment is needed to be increased in order to alleviate poverty

added thus sustainable development of the poor people is not ensured due to such lack of co-ordination among the working groups.

their families," he opined. As a result, they may become the country's assets and will break the vicious poverty cycle, he viewed.

one lakh, he said thus the package will require an amount of Tk 50 billion each year. In addition, estimated poor mother coverage is one crore

কালবেলা

৭ ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০১৩

পিএলসিইএইচডি ২

শিক্ষার্থীদের তৈরীকৃত গন্যসামগ্রীর মেলা অনুষ্ঠিত

নিজস্ব প্রতিবেদক: গত ৩-৫ ফেব্রুয়ারি এনজিও দ্বারা স্বত্বস্বায়িত্ব সহকারে মানব উন্নয়নের জন্য উত্তর অধ্যাহত শিক্ষা প্রকল্পের তৈরীকৃত গন্যসামগ্রীর তিনদিন ব্যাপী মেলা গাজীপুরে অনুষ্ঠিত হয়। প্রথমিক স্তরের তিনদিন ব্যাপী এ মেলায় ২৫টি এনজিও ২৫টি স্কুলের শিক্ষার্থীদের অংশগ্রহণ ছিল।

দেশসময়

সোমবার, ১৫ জুলাই ২০১৩ইং

ফকিরহাটে 'মা সংসদ' কার্যক্রম শুরু



ফকিরহাটে 'মা সংসদ' কার্যক্রম শুরুর উদ্বোধনী অনুষ্ঠানে উপস্থিত হওয়া স্যানিটেশন ও জনস্বাস্থ্য বাতিকে অগ্রাধিকার দিয়ে স্থানীয় পর্যায়ের সমস্যা চিহ্নিত করে তা উদ্ভাবন থেকে জাতীয় পর্যায়ে বিবেচনের মাধ্যমে নীতি নির্ধারণের হেতু ধরার লক্ষ্যে বাগেরহাটের ফকিরহাটে উপজেলা 'মা সংসদ' এর কার্যক্রম শুরু হয়েছে।

Call to ensure rights of poor mothers

Speakers at a discussion on Sunday stressed the need for increasing social investment to ensure rights of the poor mothers.

বোঝাবাব

এনসিসি ব্যাংকের সাথে ডরূপ এর কৃষি ঋণ চুক্তি স্বাক্ষর

কৃষি ঋণ বিতরণের জন্য ন্যাশনাল ক্রেডিট এন্ড কমার্স ব্যাংক লিমিটেডের সাথে বেসরকারী সংস্থা ডরূপ এর মধ্যে চুক্তি স্বাক্ষর হয়েছে। ৩১ অক্টোবর রাজধানীর ব্যাংকটির মিরপুর শাখার গ্রিন কোর্ট টাওয়ার বিতরণের লক্ষ্যে মাত্রায় এক কোটি টাকার চুক্তি স্বাক্ষর অনুষ্ঠিত হয়। এনসিসি ব্যাংকের সাথে চুক্তি অনুযায়ী কৃষি ঋণ হিসেবে ডরূপ ব্যাংকের মাধ্যমে গ্রাহকদের মধ্যে এ ঋণের টাকা বিতরণ করা হবে।

মেঘনারপাড়

১৬ জানুয়ারি ২০১৩ইং

সিনিয়র রাশগতিতে ডাঃ জাফরুল্লাহ চৌধুরীর সাথে স্বপ্ন প্যাকেজ তুলে মায়ীদের সাফল্য

নিজস্ব সংবাদদাতা: গণস্বাস্থ্য কেন্দ্র এর উদ্যোগে গত রোববার রাশগতিতে ডাঃ জাফরুল্লাহ চৌধুরীর সাথে স্বপ্ন প্যাকেজ তুলে মায়ীদের সাফল্য নিয়ে আলোচনা করা হয়।

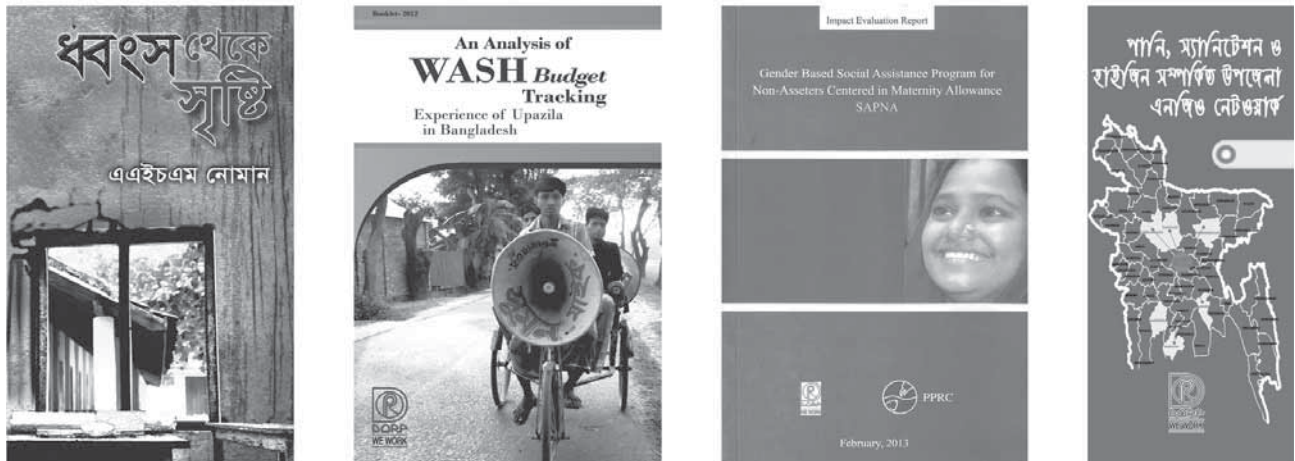
TV Program



Meeting



Publication



a. Administration, HR & Training

DORP in last 27 years, working in development field, have achieved an excellent position in the NGO's arena. All these are due to a dynamic leadership & commitment of staffs of the organization. The deep-rooted vision of the organization is '**poverty alleviation**'.

At present DORP is working in 44 Upazilas of 17 districts. 11 projects are being implemented in those upazilas. Number of staff of the organization is 327 among which 42 are in the central office & 285 in the field offices. More than 6000 volunteers are also working with DORP. The number of field offices is 47. Among others Administration, Human Resource & Training are three important areas of DORP.

Administration

Administration department plays a vital role in running an organization with its rules, regulations & discipline. The department administer day to day actions, problems and discipline in different fields.

DORP administration runs its functions based on five important principles like: 1. Planning, 2. Organizing, 3. Staffing, 4. Monitoring & Directing & 5. Controlling. The principles are followed strongly to achieve the goal & objectives of the organization. It ensures the discipline and effective management.

1.		Administration
a.	Working Method ology	a) Planning b) Organizing c) Staffing d) Monitoring & Directing e) Controlling
b.	Working area	District 17 , Upazila 44
c.	No. of Project	11
d.	Project awarded in 2013	04 (VGD, DHSS, WASH Plus, DWSSDP)
e.	Total working staff	327
f.	Total No. office	Central + 47 Field
g.	EC meeting held in 2013	06
h.	Weekly meeting held	Regularly

Human Resource

Human Resource is the main strength of an organization. It keeps organization fit & active all the time. It produces leaders and workers of high skill, capacity, commitment and sincerity.

In DORP Human Resource Development is a vital agenda as it focuses on the performance of staff within the organization. This process involves Human Resource Planning, Recruitment, Orientation, Training, Performance appraisal, Communication, Compensation & Safety. DORP has its own Human Resource Manual and action plan for quality improvement and proper management of its staff. HR unit follows above mentioned result oriented effective methodologies.

2.		Human Resource Management
a.	Management Methodology	a) Planning b) Recruitment c) Orientation d) Training e) Regular Communication f) Supervision g) Performance appraisal h) Reward
b.	Total Manpower	327 (Male 254 , Female 73)
c.	New Recruitment in 2013	135
d.	Following Manual	HR Manual 2013

Training

Training is the process of acquiring knowledge, skills and competence. DORP take it as the top most priority agenda to develop quality of its human resources. DORP's training courses are conducted to:

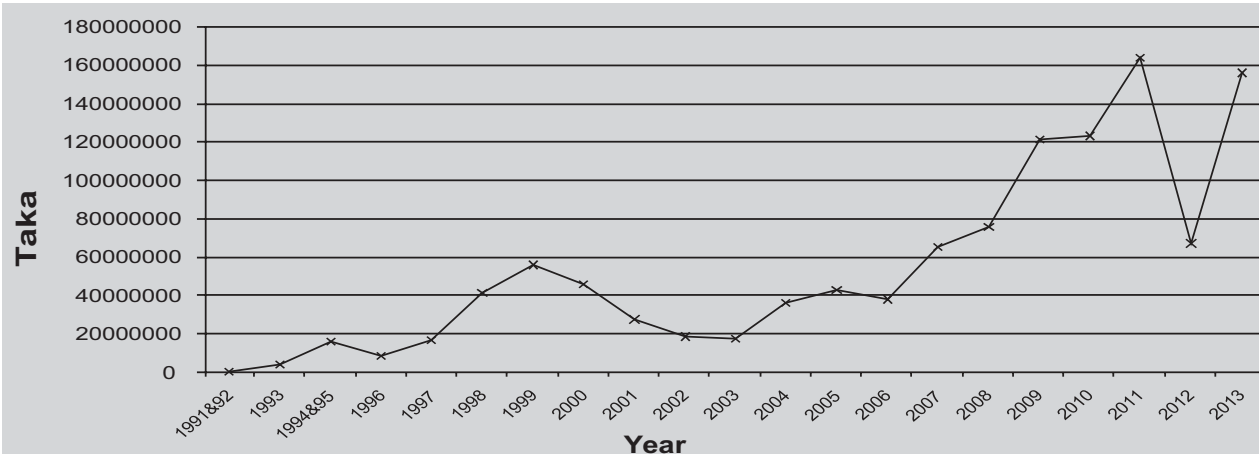
1. Make them effective workforce,
2. Develop their personal confidence,
3. Make them committed to the job.
4. Improve their morale,
5. Enhance their competence

During the year 2013, organization undertook different orientation, training and seminar programs for its staff with the aim to develop their skill in different fields, particularly in respective project activities. Training (including orientation) was imparted to 177 staff of different projects at DORP Home, field offices and other training institutions. Weekly staff coordination meeting helped the Senior Staff members for their up-gradation in different project activities.

3.		Training
a.	Aim	a) Making an effective, competent and Committed workforce for the organization. b) Smooth implementation of the respective Project
b.	Training & Orientation (staff) in 2013	177 (Indoor & outdoor)
c.	Training Volunteer in 2013	6080

b. Financial Turnover By Source

Years	Annual Turnover (in Taka & US Dollar)	Major Sources of Funding
2013	TK. 15,58,03,171	GoB, PKSF, PLCED-ADB, WEMOS, AECID, SIMAVI, AGRI-FOOD EU, DAM-EU, Bangladesh Railway, USAID, Save the Children, GTCL-WB, CORDAID.
2012 (July to December)	TK. 15,41,36,883	GoB, PKSF, PLCED-ADB, WEMOS, AECID, SIMAVI, AGRI-FOOD EU, DAM-EU, Bangladesh Railway, USAID, Save the Children, GTCL-WB, CORDAID.
2011	TK. 16,34,32,488	GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, UNICEF, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB, Bangladesh Railway, Save the Children, GTCL.
2010	TK. 12,27,99,836	GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, UNICEF, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB.
2009	TK. 10,60,10,747	GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, IDRF, UNICEF, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB.
2008	TK. 7,56,57,847	GoB, PKSF, WFP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAPP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP, EU
2007	TK. 6,50,07,844	GoB, PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAPP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP
2006	TK. 3,78,85,030	GoB, PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAPP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP
2005	TK. 4,23,89,689	GoB, PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAPP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP
2004	TK. 3,60,24,014	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, BKB, WEMOS, HAPP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno
2003	TK. 1,72,63,748 US\$ 2,97,650,83	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, BKB, IFDC, WEMOS, SDF-WB
2002	TK. 1,83,94,445 US\$ 3,17,145.60	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, DFID, CORDAID, WFP, BKB, IFDC
2001	TK. 2,73,27,961	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, DFID, CORDAID, WFP, BKB, IFDC
2000	TK. 4,56,90,699.31 US\$ 9,13,814	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, DFID, CORDAID, WFP, BKB, IFDC
1999	TK. 5,55,87,380 US\$ 11,11,747.6	GoB, JMBA-PKSF, DFID, MEMISA, BILANCE, WFP, BKB, IFDC
1998	TK. 4,12,41,294 US\$ 8,24,825.88	GoB, MEMISA, BILANCE, CORDAID, Japan Embassy in Bangladesh, DFID, JMBA-PKSF etc
1997	TK. 1,64,72,433 US\$ 329,448.6	GoB, MEMISA, BILANCE, CORDAID, Japan Embassy in Bangladesh, DFID, JMBA-PKSF
1996	TK. 82,99,173.5 US\$ 1,65,983.47	GoB, MEMISA, BILANCE, France Embassy in Bangladesh, ADB
1994 & 1995 (Combined)	TK. 1,56,27,370 US\$ 3,12,547.4	CEC, GoB, WFP, ADB, MEMISA, CEBEMO, UPDP, UNICEF
1993	TK. 36,00,506 US\$ 72,010	CEC, GoB, WFP, France Embassy in Bangladesh, UNDP, UNICEF
1991-92 (July 91-June 92)	TK. 2,06,203 US\$ 4,124.6	GoB, WFP, UNICEF



c. Report on Audit Activities

SL No.	Name of Project	Audit year	Name of Audit Firm & Audit Time	Covt. Audit(AG) & Audit Time
01	DORP-Consolidated Accounts of all Project including Central Accounts	July 2012 – June 2013	Kazi Zahir Khan & Co.	
03	Health Village: WASH Monitoring Perspective	March –2013 February 2014	Kazi Zahir Khan & Co.	
04	Micro-Credit (PKSF+NonPKSF)	July 2013- June 2014	M A Quader Kabir & Co.	
06	Food Security	July 2012– December 2012		AG-Audit July 2012- Dec. 2012 (Foreign Aid Section) Md. Delwar Hossain
07	UNIQUE	Dec. 2012- Nov. 2013	Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury & Co.	
08	PLCEHD-2	July 2012- June 2013		AG-Audit(Foreign Aid Section) Md.Abdul Hannan (Audit & Accounts Officer) Date:07.03.2013

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

**Auditors' Report to the Executive Committee of
Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)
for the period ended 30 June, 2013**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP), namely, Balance Sheet as at 30 June, 2013 and related Income & Expenditure Account, Receipts & Payments Account and Notes thereto for the period ended on that date. The preparation of these financial statements is the responsibility of Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Bangladesh Standards on Auditing (BSA). Those standards required that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the financial values of transactions and their disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We also report that:

- (a) we have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit, and made due verification thereof;
- (b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law were kept by Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP) so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;
- (c) the Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipts & Payments Account dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account; and
- (d) in our opinion, the said financial statements, prepared in accordance with Bangladesh Accounting Standards (BAS), bear a correct reflection of the financial status of Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP) at the said date and of its operational results for the period ended on that date.

(Abdulla-Al-Mahmud FCA, FCMA, FCS, LL.B)
Partner
KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
Chartered Accountants.
Dated: Dhaka
26 January, 2014

Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)
Consolidated Balance Sheet
as at 30 June, 2013

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
Chartered Accountants

<u>Property & Assets</u>	<u>Note</u>	<u>Schedule</u>	30-06-2013	30-06-2012
			<u>Taka</u>	<u>Taka</u>
Fixed Assets	4	1	50,505,442	51,807,283
Revolving Credit	5	2	92,503,134	78,325,418
Disaster Management Fund Investment (DMFI)	6		510,711	510,711
Advances against Salary	7	3	24,651	117,441
Staff Loan (Motor Cycle & Bi-Cycle)	8	4	353,445	565,756
Cash & Bank Balances	9	5	4,242,481	12,203,700
FDR	10	6	7,663,307	10,606,574
Total			<u>155,803,171</u>	<u>154,136,883</u>
Represented by:				
<u>Fund & Liabilities</u>				
Fund	11		32,785,371	41,375,321
Revaluation Reserve	12		34,816,516	34,816,516
DORP Participatory Fund-DPF	13	7	3,513,346	3,998,395
Staff Security Fund	14	8	1,060,050	901,050
Group Savings	15		25,552,354	25,883,388
Loan from PKSF, Bank & Others	16	9	47,431,921	34,950,043
Emergency Fund	17		2,288,784	2,136,065
Seasonal Loan Risk Fund	18		423,140	303,140
Loan Loss Provision (LLP)	19		7,259,359	9,206,338
Disaster Management Fund (DMF)	20		672,330	566,627
Total			<u>155,803,171</u>	<u>154,136,883</u>

The accounting policies and other notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Finance Manager

Secretary General

-
-

This is the balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

Dated: Dhaka
26 January, 2014

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO
Chartered Accountants

Minutes of AGM- 2013

ডর্প'র ২২তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী ও সিদ্ধান্তাবলী

তারিখঃ ০৭ ডিসেম্বর, ২০১৩

১. ৭ ডিসেম্বর ২০১৩ সকাল ১০.৩০ টায় ডর্প হোম, কেন্দ্রীয় কার্যালয়, ৩৬/২ পূর্ব শেওড়াপাড়া, মিরপুর, ঢাকায় ডর্প'র ২২তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভা অনুষ্ঠিত হয়। সভাপতি ডা: সাইফুল আলম'র অসুস্থতার কারণে, সদস্য ডা: রাজিয়া বেগম এর প্রস্তাবে এবং জনাব সামসুন নাহারের সমর্থনে জনাব মো: নুরুল ইসলাম সভায় সভাপতিত্ব করেন। সভায় সমাজ সেবা অধিদপ্তরের কর্মকর্তা, সাধারণ পরিষদ, কার্যনির্বাহী পরিষদের সদস্যবৃন্দ, শুভাকাজী এবং ডর্প'র কেন্দ্রীয় কার্যালয়ের সংশ্লিষ্ট কর্মকর্তা ও কর্মীবৃন্দ উপস্থিত ছিলেন।

সভার শুরুতে জনাব আজহার আলী তালুকদার কর্তৃক ৬ ডিসেম্বর'১৩ দক্ষিণ আফ্রিকার সাবেক রাষ্ট্রপতি নেলসন মেন্ডেলার মৃত্যুতে শ্রদ্ধা জানাতে ১ মিনিট নিরবতা পালনের প্রস্তাবের প্রেক্ষিতে ১ মিনিট নিরবতা পালন করা হয়।

অতঃপর সভাকে অবহিত করা হয় যে, ডর্প এর সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল জনাব এএইচ এম নোমান 'দারিদ্র্য বিমোচন ও মানবহিতৈষী' কাজের জন্য 'গুসি আন্তর্জাতিক পিস প্রাইজ এওয়ার্ড ২০১৩' লাভ এবং ২৭ নভেম্বর মেনিলায়াত গ্রহণ করেছেন। সভা তার এই প্রাপ্তিতে গভীর সম্ভাষণ প্রকাশ করে এবং তাঁকে অভিনন্দন জানায়। এই পর্যায়ে পুরস্কার গ্রহণ অনুষ্ঠানে তিনি ডর্প এবং বাংলাদেশকে যেভাবে তুলে ধরেছেন তার বিস্তারিত পাওয়ার পয়েন্টে প্রেজেন্টেশন করা হয়।

২. আলোচ্যসূচী:

- ক. ২১তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভা ২০১২-এর কার্যবিবরণী পাঠ ও অনুমোদন। খ. ডেস্ক/প্রোজেক্ট ওয়ারী বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন উপস্থাপন
গ. অডিট রিপোর্ট ২০১২ উপস্থাপন ঘ. ২০১৪ সালের অডিটর নিয়োগ ঙ. বাজেট ২০১৪ ও ২০১৫ উপস্থাপন
চ. সম্মানিত সদস্য/অতিথিবৃন্দের আলোচনা ছ. বিবিধ জ. নির্বাচন ঃ কার্যনির্বাহী কমিটি ২০১৩-২০১৫

৩. সভাপতির স্বাগত জ্ঞাপন

সভাপতি উপস্থিত সদস্যবৃন্দ এবং সম্মানিত অতিথিবৃন্দকে স্বাগত: ও শুভেচ্ছা জানিয়ে সূত্র কথাসহ সভার কার্যক্রম শুরু করেন।

৪. সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল জনাব এ এএইচ এম নোমান ২১ তম সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী পাঠ করেন। বিস্তারিত আলোচনা শেষে সর্বসম্মতিক্রমে ২১তম সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী অনুমোদন করা হয়।



৫. ডেস্ক/প্রোজেক্ট ওয়ারী বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন উপস্থাপন

৫.১ ভিজিডি প্রকল্প: জনাব সামছুন নাহার গত ৭ মে ২০১৩ তারিখে মহিলা বিষয়ক অধিদপ্তর এর সাথে চুক্তির প্রেক্ষিতে লক্ষ্মীপুর সদর ও রায়পুর উপজেলায় মোট ৯ জন কর্মকর্তাসহ প্রকল্প বাস্তবায়নের কাজ চলছে বলে জানান। এ প্রকল্পে ভিজিডি কার্ডধারী মহিলাদের পুষ্টির অভাব পূরণ এবং প্রশিক্ষণের মাধ্যমে সচেতন করা ও সমন্বয়ের মাধ্যমে আর্থ-সামাজিক অবস্থার উন্নয়ন করা হয়।

৫.২ টিবিডিএলপি(রঞ্জিত কুমার): টঙ্গী ভৈরব ডাবল লাইন প্রকল্প সেতু বিভাগের সাথে কাজ চলছে।

৫.৩ ইউনিক (আব্দুল মালেক): ইউরোপিয়ান ইউনিয়নের তহবিলে ঢাকা আহছানিয়া মিশনের আওতায় ভোলার দৌলতখাঁ, লালমোহন ও তজুমুদ্দিন উপজেলায় ১৩০টি শিশু শিবির কেন্দ্রের মাধ্যমে ইউনিক পরিচালিত হচ্ছে।

৫.৪ জিটিসিএল(মো: জোবায়ের রব্বেল): বাখরাবাদ গ্যাস পাইপ লাইন স্থাপনে ক্ষতিগ্রস্তদের ক্ষতি পুনর্বাসন সহায়তা কাজ নারায়নগঞ্জ, কুমিল্লা এলাকায় বিশ্ব ব্যাংক এর আওতায় চলছে।

৫.৫ ডিডব্লিউএসএসডিপি(মো: আবদুর রউফ ভূঁঞা): ঢাকা ওয়াসা পানি লাইন স্থাপনে ক্ষতিগ্রস্তদের ক্ষতি পুষিয়ে পুনর্বাসন কাজে নিয়োজিত মিরপুর ও শেওড়াপাড়া এলাকায় কাজ চলছে।

৫.৬ হেলথ ভিলেজ: (মো: যোবায়ের হাসান): বরগুনা সদর, ফকিরহাট, রামগতি, সিরাজগঞ্জ সদর, কুলিয়ারচর এবং ভূয়াপুর উপজেলায় কাজ চলছে।

৫.৭ মা সংসদ(মো:আমির খসরু) বাগেরহাট জেলার ফকিরহাট পানি ও হাইজিন ফোকাস ও মাতৃকালীন ভাতা প্রাপ্ত মা নিয়ে 'মা সংসদ' SIMAVI'র সহায়তায় চলছে।

৫.৮ স্প্রিং(পার্শ্ব সারথি কুস্তল) ভোলা জেলার সকল উপজেলায়, মাগুড়া সদর এবং নড়াইলের সদর ও কালিয়া উপজেলায় মা-শিশুকে নিয়ে পুষ্টি কার্যক্রম চলছে।

৫.৯ ডিএইসএসএস(মো: যোবায়ের হাসান)। নোয়াখালী জেলার সদর, সুবর্ণচর, চাটখিল ও সোনাইমুড়ি উপজেলায় স্বাস্থ্য কার্যক্রম জোরদার করার জন্য সেতু দি চিলড্রেন এর সহায়তায় কাজ চলছে।

৫.১০ ওয়াস প্রাস। Water-Aid'র অর্থায়নে ভোলা জেলার চরফ্যাশনের ৭টি ইউনিয়নে পানি ও সেনিটেশন ফোকাস এ কার্যক্রম চলছে।

প্রসঙ্গত: বিষয়সমূহ বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদনে বিস্তারিত বর্ণনা আছে হেতু এখানে পুন: দেয়া হলোনা।

৫.১১ ফ্রেডিট(শেখ নূর ইসলাম): চট্টগ্রাম, কিশোরগঞ্জ, টাঙ্গাইল, সিরাজগঞ্জ ও বরগুনা জেলার ১৫টি শাখায় পিকেএসএফসহ নিজস্ব অর্থায়নে ক্ষুদ্র ঋণ কার্যক্রম চলছে।

৫.১২ এইচ আর টি এন্ড এডমিন, (মোঃ হায়দার আলী খান): সংস্থার মানব সম্পদ ব্যবস্থাপনা, প্রশিক্ষণ ও প্রশাসন কার্যক্রম সুষ্ঠুভাবে পরিচালিত হচ্ছে।

৫.১৩ মিডিয়া (আ হ ম ফয়সল)- ইলেকট্রনিক ও প্রিন্ট মিডিয়ায় সংস্থায় সংবাদ ব্যাপকভাবে প্রচারের সর্বোত্তম কার্যক্রম চালানো হচ্ছে।

৬. বাজেট : ট্রেজারার জনাব নূরুল ইসলাম: ২০১৩-২০১৪ অর্থ বছরের জন্য প্রকল্পসহ ৪২,৯৪,৫৯,২৭১.০০ টাকার বাজেট উপস্থাপন করেন ও আলোচনান্তে অনুমোদন হয়।

৭. অডিটর নিয়োগ : সংস্থার সার্বিক অডিট বা প্রকল্প ভিত্তিক অডিট কাজে নিম্ন ফার্ম সমূহের আবেদন গৃহীত হয়। এ সকল ফার্ম থেকে নিবাহী কমিটি অডিটর নিয়োগ দিবেন।

1. M/S. Aziz Halim Khair Chowdhury & Co., Chartered Accountants
2. M/S. Haque Shahalam Mansur & Co., Chartered Accountants
3. M/S. M.A. Quader Kabir & Co., Chartered Accountants
4. M/S. Rahman Mostafiz Haque & Co., Chartered Accountants
5. M/S. Kazi Zhahir & Co., Chartered Accountants

৮. প্রতিবেদন উপস্থাপন শেষে উপস্থিত সদস্য ও অতিথিদের বক্তব্য ও মন্তব্য:

জনাব অলক মজুমদার সদস্য, সাধারণ পরিষদঃ সংস্থাকে Develop করার জন্য পৃথক বাজেট রাখা দরকার। এ দেশের অনেক অবহেলিত মা ও শিশুর জীবন বাঁচাতে সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল কাজ করছেন। তিনি আরো বলেন, ডরপকে এগিয়ে যেতে হবে, এর ধারণা ও কার্যক্রম মার্কেটিং করতে হবে। এজন্য একটি সেল করতে হবে। ডরপ যে সব পুরস্কার পেয়েছে তা বাইরের মানুষ কত জন জানে? তাই অধিক মানুষকে জানানোর জন্য প্রচার বাড়াতে হবে। ভিডিও ডকুমেন্টেশন এর মাধ্যমে ডরপকে দেখানো যেতে পারে।

জনাব মোঃ ফখরুল আলম, সমাজসেবা কর্মকর্তা, সমাজ সেবা অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকাঃ তিনি ডেস্ক ম্যানেজারদের Power point presentation দেখে অত্যন্ত খুশী হন। মন্তব্য করেন যে, আজকের সভায় উপস্থিত হয়ে আমার এ ধারণা বন্ধমূল হলো যে, সকল সংস্থা খুব ভাল কাজ করে তার মধ্যে ডরপ অন্যতম। ডরপকে আরো সামনের দিকে এগিয়ে নিয়ে যাওয়ার সুযোগ রয়েছে। এর পরিচিতি ও কার্যক্রমকে মার্কেটিং করতে হবে।

ডঃ হারুন-অর-রশিদ, সদস্য, সাধারণ পরিষদঃ বিভিন্ন সংস্থা তার সংস্থাকে টেকসই করার জন্য স্থায়ী কিছু করছে। যেমন হাসপাতাল, বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়, বিভিন্ন পণ্য তৈরী ইত্যাদি। ডরপ'র তেমন কিছু করা প্রয়োজন, যাতে সংস্থা টিকে থাকতে পারে। ডরপ'র সাথে জড়িত স্টাফ, সাধারণ পরিষদ সদস্য থেকে শুরু করে সকলের পরিচয় পত্র দেয়ার জন্য সুপারিশ করেন।

জনাব একেএম জসিম উদ্দিন, সদস্য, সাধারণ পরিষদঃ ডরপ এর বিভিন্ন ডেস্কের Power point presentation দেখে খুবই ভাল লাগল। সুন্দর হয়েছে। সব উপস্থাপনা দেখে বুঝা যাচ্ছে যে, এর কাজের স্বচ্ছতা রয়েছে। এর জন্য ডরপকে ধন্যবাদ। তিনি ফ্রেডিট প্রোগ্রাম এর সূদের হার জানতে পেরে একে যথা সম্ভব যৌক্তিক রাখার পরামর্শ দেন।

জনাব ফরিদ আহমেদ ভূঞা, সমাজ কর্মী, সভাপতি, লক্ষ্মীপুর জেলা সমিতি, ঢাকা: তিনি বলেন, এনজিও সম্পর্কে আমার খুব একটা ভাল ধারণা ছিল না। অনেকটা ভুল ধারণাই ছিল। আজ এই মিটিং এ এসে আমার সে ভুল ধারণা দূর হলো। তাই ড্রুপকে আন্তরিক ধন্যবাদ। তিনি বলেন, ওয়েব সাইটে ড্রুপ এর সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল জনাব এএইচএম নোমান 'গুসি ইন্টারন্যাশনাল পিস প্রাইজ এওয়ার্ড'-২০১৩ এর বিষয়টি দেখে বিস্মিত হই এবং বুঝতে পারি যে ড্রুপ কত ভাল কাজ করেছে। যার ফসল আজ এই গুসি আন্তর্জাতিক পিস প্রাইজ। জনাব নোমান-কে অনেক অভিনন্দন ও শুভেচ্ছা।

জনাব মোঃ আবদুর রউফ ভূঞা, টিম লিডার, পুনর্বাসন, ওয়াসাঃ তিনি বলেন, আজকের এ সভায় ড্রুপ স্টাফদের যে Power point presentation দেখলাম তাতে মনে হল তারা অনেক Creative. তাই এই Creative জনশক্তি কাজে লাগানোর জন্য আমাদের পরিকল্পনা করতে হবে। সংস্থার ধরন অনুযায়ী Asset নেই। তাই Financial sustainability'র জন্য প্লান করা যেমন বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় বা অন্য কিছু করা যায় কিনা তা নিয়ে ভাবতে হবে। জনাব ইলিয়াস কাঞ্চনের 'নিরাপদ সড়ক চাই' এটা নিয়েও কাজ করা যেতে পারে। এছাড়া, কোন Trade এর দিকে যাওয়া যায় কিনা তা ভাবা যেতে পারে। তাহলে ড্রুপ এগিয়ে যাবে। তিনি বলেন, প্রজেক্ট শেষ হলে যেন ভাল স্টাফ বাড়ে না পরে, সেদিকে সেক্রেটারী জেনারেলকে খেয়াল রাখতে হবে।

বেগম সামসুন নাহার সদস্য, সাধারণ পরিষদঃ তিনি বলেন, দেশের এই ক্রান্তি লগ্নে নোমান ভাইয়ের গুসি পিস পুরস্কার লাভ যেন আঁধারের মধ্যে আলো জ্বালানো, একটা শান্তি পেলাম। এই প্রাপ্তি ড্রুপ এর সকলের। আমি ড্রুপ'র জন্মলগ্ন থেকে আছি এবং থাকব। আশা করি ড্রুপ সামনের দিকে আরো এগিয়ে যাবে। তিনি বলেন, মিসেস নোমান, নোমান ভাইকে সার্বিক সহযোগিতা করেন, তাই তার কৃতিত্বও কম নয়। তাঁকে ধন্যবাদ জানাই।

জনাব ইলিয়াস কাঞ্চন, সদস্য, সাধারণ পরিষদ: তিনি বলেন, অনেকেই বলেছেন ড্রুপ এর আরো বেশী হওয়া উচিত ছিল। আমি বলব, ড্রুপ অনেক দূর এগিয়ে গেছে। আমি Power point presentation দেখতে পারিনি, দেখলে ভাল হতো। আমি নোমান ভাইকে ভালবাসি, তাই চলে এসেছি। আমাদের সকলের হাত একসাথে করতে হবে, একসাথে কাজ করলে সব কাজই ভাল হয়। আল্লাহ যাকে সুযোগ দেন, সেই ভাল কাজ করে। আগামী দিনগুলোতে আমরা এক সাথে কাজ করতে পারলে স্বাধীনতার সুফল সারা দেশের মানুষের কাছে পৌঁছে দিতে পারব।

৯. সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল:

ক. তিনি বলেন, অনেক কথা হয়ে গেছে। অনেকে বলেছেন ড্রুপ'র বয়সের তুলনায় এর সম্পদ কম। তিনি মনে করেন, সম্পদ বাড়লেই যে সব সময় ভাল সেটা সঠিক নয়। এতে বৈষম্যও বেড়ে যায়। তিনি বলেন, লক্ষ্মীপুরে সয়াবিন চাষ হলো, দেশের সম্পদ বাড়লো ব্যবসা বাড়লো অনেক, কিন্তু প্রশ্ন থেকে যায় মূল চাষীদের উন্নতি কতটুকু হলো? রাজনৈতিক ব্যক্তির দূর্নীতি রোধে না এগিয়ে এলে, সমাজের অভ্যন্তরীণ সুখম সম্পদ বাড়বে না, বৈষম্য দূর হবে না। আমি গণতন্ত্রে বিশ্বাসী। তবে Poverty রেখে কখনো গণতন্ত্র ও Peace আসতে পারেনা। তাঁর মতে Rights তিন ধরনের। ১. জন্মগত Rights ২. Basic Rights ৩. Human Rights। এটা আমার আন্তরিক বিশ্বাস যে, যেখানে Basic Rights নেই, সেখানে Human Rights কি করে রক্ষা হবে বা কাজ করবে? এসব আমি ফিলিপাইনে গুসি পিস প্রাইজ গ্রহণ শেষে প্রতিক্রিয়া বক্তব্যেও বলেছি। আমার মতে Bottom line হল মা, এ জায়গায় হাত দিতে হবে। ২০ Years এর দীর্ঘ মেয়াদী 'স্বপ্ন' পরিকল্পনা নিতে হবে। ১ কোটি গরীব মাকে Target করে কাজ করতে হবে। উন্নয়ন হতে হবে 'মা' কেন্দ্রিক। বর্তমানে ৩ লাখ এর উর্ধ্বে মা মাতৃকালীন ভাতা পাচ্ছে। আশা করি ১০০০ মা'কে নিয়ে 'স্বপ্ন' প্রজেক্ট সরকার পাইলট কর্মসূচি করবে ইনশাআল্লাহ।

তিনি বলেন, ড্রুপ এগিয়ে যাচ্ছে। এক সময় ড্রুপ এর বিল্ডিং ছিল না। চেয়ারম্যান ডাঃ সাইফুল ইসলামের অনুপ্রেরণায় ড্রুপ এর বিল্ডিং হয়। ট্রেজারার জনাব নূরুল ইসলাম আর্থিক ব্যবস্থাপনা ও অফিস বিল্ডিংসহ সকল কাজে অপারিসমীম খেঁটেছেন। ভাইস চেয়ারম্যান জনাব সাইদুর রহমান সব সময় সব crisis সময়ে এগিয়ে নেয়ার পক্ষে জোরালো কাজ করেছেন। অন্যান্য সকল উপদেষ্টা মহোদয়গণ, নির্বাহী কমিটির সদস্যগণ, সাধারণ সদস্যগণ ও কর্মীসহ সকলের কাছে আমি কৃতজ্ঞ। ড্রুপ যেন সফল হয় সেই জন্য আমি সকলের কাছে দোয়া চাই। গরীব মা'দের সাথে পার্টনারশীপ করতে হবে এ কথা আমি নভেম্বর এ নেপালেও SAARC সাকোসেন সম্মেলনে বলেছি। 'পানি সেনিটেশন' এই সম্মেলনে Public Private Poor Partnership- PPPP ধারণা কাঠমুন্ডু ঘোষণাপত্রে অন্তর্ভুক্ত হয়। তাঁর মতে ২০১৩ সাল তাঁর জন্য সৌভাগ্যের।

খ. ২০১৩ সালের বার্ষিক সভায় গঠনতন্ত্রে কিছু সংশোধনী আনতে হবে জানিয়ে প্রস্তাব করেন যে, উপদেষ্টা কমিটি থাকবে। এ কমিটি কার্যনির্বাহী পরিষদকে প্রয়োজনীয় বিষয়ে পরামর্শ ও উপদেশ প্রদান করবে, তহবিল সংগ্রহ করবে, সেমিনার ও লবিং করবে এবং ফান্ড Raise করবে। এ কমিটি ৩ বছর মেয়াদী হবে এবং বছরে অন্তত: একবার সভায় মিলিত হবে।

গ. সংস্থা ও কর্ম পরিচালনার স্বার্থে যিনি সংস্থার ফাউন্ডার তিনি সিইও হবেন। এ প্রেক্ষিতে সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল কাম ইডি/সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল পদ থাকবে না। এটি হবে, সিইও কাম মেম্বার সেক্রেটারী। তিন বছর মেয়াদী নির্বাহী কমিটিসহ এ সকল প্রস্তাব গঠনতন্ত্রে আনার প্রস্তাব করেন। এই পরিবর্তন যথাযথভাবে গঠনতন্ত্র ও সংশ্লিষ্ট কর্তৃপক্ষকে জানাতে হবে, প্রয়োজনে অনুমতি নিতে হবে। আলোচনাতে উপস্থিত সদস্যবৃন্দ প্রস্তাবাদি হাত উঠিয়ে সমর্থন দেন।

১০. বিবিধ:

বিবিধ আলোচনায় বিদায়ী সভাপতি, সহ-সভাপতি জনাব সাইদুর রহমান, ট্রেজারার জনাব মোঃ নূরুল ইসলাম, সদস্য ডাঃ রাজিয়া বেগম তাদের মেয়াদকাল ড্রুপ'র সংশ্লিষ্ট সকলের কাছে সহযোগিতা পেয়েছেন, আনন্দ পেয়েছেন জানিয়ে ধন্যবাদ জানান।

জনাব নূরুল ইসলাম বিদায়ী নির্বাহী কমিটির সভাপতি, সহ-সভাপতি, তিনি নিজে এবং নির্বাহী সদস্যদের ড্রুপ'র বিগত কমিটি ব্যবস্থাপনাকালীন কোন দেনা পাওনা বা দায় দায়িত্ব আছে কিনা সকল সদস্যদের কাছে জানতে চান এবং নাই বলে জানান। এ প্রসঙ্গে সকল উপস্থিত সদস্য বিশেষ করে সেক্রেটারী জেনারেল আবারো তাদের অবদানের জন্য ধন্যবাদ ও কৃতজ্ঞতা জানিয়ে ড্রুপ এ তাদের কোন দায় দেনা নাই বলে অবহিত করেন।

সর্বশেষে সভাপতি মহোদয় উপস্থিত সকলকে ধন্যবাদ এবং নব নির্বাচিত কমিটিকে অভিনন্দন জানিয়ে সকলের সহযোগিতার জন্য আবারো ধন্যবাদ জানিয়ে সভা শেষ করেন।

মোঃ নূরুল ইসলাম

সভাপতি

Chapter 9 Annexure

a. Our Honorable Friends & Visitors

Annex-1

1 It is an honor to visit DORP again.

Sara

14/06/2013

2 I visited DORP at the end of June, 2013 with a tentative and overambitious research goal to quantitatively assess the Maternity Allowance Program.

Nouman & his colleagues were incredibly inviting and through their support I was able to put my research plans to action.

During my time working at DORP I got a great inside look at the work they do. They carry out their development practices with aplom's and passion. I am grateful & honored to have worked with them.

Bangladesh has many problems but I am reassured when I see NGOs that are committed to development like DORP is.

Thanks,

Qayam Jetha

Canadian Student

3rd Sep 2013.

3 Dear DORP,
It is a pleasure to come to your office and see DORP activities. I wish you all the best of luck and hope to see you are successful in bringing changes in Childrens life in Bangladesh.

Regards,

Preety

4 It is my pleasure and honour to work with DORP. DORP has been providing good support to the poor people in rural areas by ensuring rights and raising there voice. Local Government institutions are actively involved with DORP programme implementation. Budget tracking of has been considered an effective tools within WASH alliance programme. I hope budget tracking will be scaled up to all development areas.

Thanks,

Alok Majumder

Country Coordinator

WASH Alliance Bangladesh

12 November 2013

5 Dear People of DORP
It is an honour for me to visit the office of DORP. This is a/c already positively work with your organization for which I have much respect for what has been reached already. Especially on like subject of the right to Water and Sanitation. We have reached considerable success through many openings and events.

The facilitation was a great success and I hope that we continue in this way at least for the next 2 years but hopefully also further in the future.

Thank you very much for all your work and support.

Remi Kempers

Both ENDS

Netherlands

12 November 2013

6

Sub: DORP Annual Report 2012

Atten: Mr. AHM Nouman
Founder and Secretary General

Congratulations for bringing out the DORP Annual Report 2012. The Report is a well-documented and comprehensive profile of the organisation. It not only depicts the development activities of the immediate past year, it also offers a projection for the on-going/forthcoming development activities. Of course, to broaden the view of the reader, it also mentions: vision, mission, goal, objectives, etc. of the organisation along with an organogram, an introduction to the Advisory Committee and Executive Committee Members.

I am proud to say that was from RDA, have professional exchanges in the areas of Maternity Allowance Programme (MAP) and others. We'd like to keep that on.

Thank you for sending the Annual Report 2012. Please keep me posted. Kindest regards and best wishes

Tariq.

7

22nd December 2013

It was a great pleasure for me to visit DORP today with my colleague Mahbubul Islam and to meet with Mr Nouman and a number of journalists, human rights workers and concerned citizens of Bangladesh. It was wonderful to learn in detail about the work of DORP and to realize the synergy and harmony of the concepts behind DORP with the concepts behind the World Constitution and Parliament Association (WCPA). I congratulate all the people working at DORP in their wonderful contributions to humanity.

Dr. Glen T Martin

President

World Constitution & Parliament Association (WCPA)

Gusi Peace Prize International Award-2013 Laureate.

8

Congratulation

To

Mr. AHM Nouman

On winning

Gusi Peace Prize International Award 2013

Dear Mr. AHM Nouman,

Our sincere congratulation to you for your achievement in Gusi Peace Prize International Award 2013.

Words really fail to express our joy at the news of your selection as a laureate of Gusi Peace Prize international Award 2013. You've been recognized today as a man of peace in the world. It's really a great moment for JAHR (Journalist Association for Human Rights & Welfare) to congratulate you. We are also proud that you made the country honored.

As on selection of Poverty Alleviation and Humanitarianism Award (Gusi Peace Prize International Award 2013) is the recognition of your work in the past time. JAHR hope that it will continue with a new speed for the development of human of the whole world. We hope, you will show us the path way and inspiration to us to do the same effort in our activity.

JAHR (Journalist Association for Human Rights & Welfare) believes the philosophy of good will for human and it will force us to do the work together in upcoming days. Hope we will meet in every humanitarian activity with you in the form of friendship.

Congratulation you again and take care.

22nd Dec.2014

**Journalist Association For
 Human Rights & Welfare**

b. DORP Ongoing Projects- 2013

Annex-2

SL no	Project/Program	Budgeting/Duration	Funding Agencies	Location	Activities/Major works
Lobbying / Advocacy / Monitoring / Networking					
01	Maternity Allowance Centered- SAPNA	From May 2005 to Continue		Ramgoti, Lakkhimpur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lobbying, Advocacy & Monitoring
Education					
02	Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education- UNIQUE II	Amounting Tk.4,22,00,458 (Two year budget) From January 2012 to November 2017	European Union (EU)	<p>13Upazila of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Bhola, ▪ Noakhali, ▪ Laksmipur ▪ Feni. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Organize community Managed Children Learning Center (CLC) at coastal area, ▪ Base line Survey & Social Mapping ▪ Community mobilization ▪ Conducted pedagogy Training, ▪ Enrolled the drop out and out of school children for non formal primary education, ▪ Developing an equivalency framework for mainstreaming of NFPE learners ▪ Organize School preparedness programme ▪ Organize School Improvement Program in primary school ▪ Developing contingency plan for disaster management ▪ Documentation and dissemination.
Health WATSAN & Hygiene					
03	Health Village: WASH Monitoring Perspective	Amounting Tk. 2,17,31,514 From March 2011 to February 2014	SIMAVI- The Netherlands	Borguna Sadar, Fakir Hat (+Mother Parliament), Ramgati, Sirajganj Sadar, Kulliarchar, Bhuapur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide Training, ▪ Provide sanitary latrine & tube-well ▪ Provide MCH care. ▪ Formation of budget club ▪ Activate the UP standing committees ▪ Reproductive health for the adolescents ▪ Hygiene promotion ▪ Awareness buildup ▪ Community mobilization & capacity building of community people. munity people.
04	Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)	Amounting Tk. ?? From ?? to ??	Ministry of Woman & Children Affairs - WFP	Baupal of Patuakhali	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide Training and Credit. ▪ Build awareness ▪ Women Empowerment ▪ Increase Income generation activities
05	WASH plus	Amounting Tk. 8,65,00,000 1 st April 2013 to 15 May 2015	US. Aid & Water Aid Bangladesh	Charfashion, Bhola	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Safe Drinking Water ▪ Improve Sanitation & Hygiene

SL no	Project/Program	Budgeting/Duration	Funding Agencies	Location	Activities/Major works
06	District Health Services Strengthening-DHSS	Amounting Tk. 3,46,49,881 15 Jun 2013 to 31 January 2014	US, Aid	Noakhali-Sadar Sonimuri Chatkhil Subarnachar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Improved service readiness through critical gap management through Maternal and Newborn Health, Family Planning and Nutrition (MNHP-N) intervention ▪ Strengthened health systems at district level and below ▪ Enabling environment promoted to strengthen district-level health systems ▪ Barriers to health service accessibility identified and reduced ▪ Formation of FFS for HFP and EBA/EHA ▪ Conduct planned home visits to FFS members ▪ Conduct for training on ENA/EHA for FWAs, HAs, CHCPs ▪ Mentoring and supportive supervision of delivery of key ENA/EHA messages during MOA ▪ Contacts and home visits ▪ Distribute seeds and other agricultural inputs in accordance with planting, ▪ Establishment of homestead gardens and appropriate poultry practices for SPRING FFS households ▪ Upazila level monthly meetings between SPRING and implementing partners and partner NGOs and government counterparts ▪ Monthly progress and expenditure report to SPRING
07	Strengthening Partnerships, Results and Innovation in Nutrition Globally (SPRING)	Amounting Tk. 2,29,03,184 From October 2012 to October 2013	Save the Children	Kalia, Magura Sadar, Narail Sadar, Bhola Sadar, Daulatkhan, Lalmohon, Tajumuddin, Borhanuddin , Char , Fashion and Monpura	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CC management committee meeting ▪ Union Health Standing Committee Meeting ▪ Meeting of community WATCH group ▪ Public Hearing ▪ Folk Talent Group on Maternal and Child Health, Violence against Women, Gender ▪ Public gathering ▪ Dialogue with concerned District officials ▪ Facilitate UPSC for organizing regular monthly meeting and monitoring Data analysis. ▪ Meeting between UPSC, CBO and service provider on monitoring finding ▪ Consultation meeting ▪ CBOs meeting ▪ Day observation ▪ Public Hearing with Health service providers ▪ Meeting with Upazila and District level
08	Strengthening the Rural Health Service at Grass Root Level of Bangladesh	Amounting Tk. 9,48,480 From February 2012 to January 2013	CORDAID The Netherlands	Bhuiapur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CC management committee meeting ▪ Union Health Standing Committee Meeting ▪ Meeting of community WATCH group ▪ Public Hearing ▪ Folk Talent Group on Maternal and Child Health, Violence against Women, Gender ▪ Public gathering ▪ Dialogue with concerned District officials ▪ Facilitate UPSC for organizing regular monthly meeting and monitoring Data analysis. ▪ Meeting between UPSC, CBO and service provider on monitoring finding ▪ Consultation meeting ▪ CBOs meeting ▪ Day observation ▪ Public Hearing with Health service providers ▪ Meeting with Upazila and District level
09	Health Monitoring and Advocacy on Safe Motherhood	Amounting Tk. 13,74,843 From July 2011 to June 2012	CORDAID The Netherlands	Sirajgonj Sadar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CC management committee meeting ▪ Union Health Standing Committee Meeting ▪ Meeting of community WATCH group ▪ Public Hearing ▪ Folk Talent Group on Maternal and Child Health, Violence against Women, Gender ▪ Public gathering ▪ Dialogue with concerned District officials ▪ Facilitate UPSC for organizing regular monthly meeting and monitoring Data analysis. ▪ Meeting between UPSC, CBO and service provider on monitoring finding ▪ Consultation meeting ▪ CBOs meeting ▪ Day observation ▪ Public Hearing with Health service providers ▪ Meeting with Upazila and District level

SL no	Project/Program	Budgeting/Duration	Funding Agencies	Location	Activities/Major works
Plantation & Nursery Development					
10	Plantation & Social Afforestation in the Railway Track & Distribution of Sapling to the PAs of JBRLP	Amounting Tk. 92,45,000 From Jun'01 – Dec' 10 & Continuing	JBRLP – BR	8000 PAs of Bhuapur-Jaidevpur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Plantation of 100 km railway track both side, distribution of saplings ▪ Conducting training ▪ Awareness build up for nursery develop
Micro Credit					
11	Rural Micro Credit Program	Amounting Tk. 3,50,00,000 From August 2004 ongoing	PKSF	Bhuapur, Kalihati of Tangail, Shiregonj Basikhali of Chittagong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide skill training to the poor and hard core poor ▪ Provide credit for income generation. ▪ Provide micro-enterprise credit to the entrepreneurs.
12	Low Cost Housing for the Rural Poor	Amounting Tk. 43,00,000 From November 2003 ongoing	Bangladesh Bank- GoB	Kuliarchar-Katiadi Ghatali, Kalihati Gopalpur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪
13	Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development Project (DWSSDP)	Amounting Tk. 38,08,400 1 st November 2013 to 31 st January 2016	ADB & Government of Bangladesh (WASA)	Modes Zone-10, Mirpur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Resettlement
Resettlement program					
14	Implementation of Resettlement Plan of Bakrabad Siddiganj Gas Transmission pipeline Project	Amounting Tk. 41,56,000 From February 2011 to January 20?? (Extended)	World Bank & GTCL	Sonagao & Bandar Upazila of Narayanganj, Gazaria of Munshiganj and Muradnagar & Daudkandi Upazila of Comilla District	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information campaign ▪ Implement Resettlement Action Plan for the PAs ▪ Conducting socio economic survey and land market survey for EP identification ▪ Prepare EP, EC file and entitlement card ▪ Develop customize CMIS for smooth implementation of RP ▪ Including ensure compensation of the PAs, ▪ Conducting Property Valuation Advisory Team (PVAT) meeting for finalized Property Valuation ▪ Assist GRC for setting the dispute ▪ Assist to resettle in suitable places, grievance redressing etc
15	Implementation of Resettlement Plan of Tongi Bhairab Double line Project	Amounting Tk. 1,63,70,000 Form October 2011 to September 2014	ADB & BR	Kaliganj Upazila of Gazipur & Palash of Narsigdi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information campaign ▪ Implement Resettlement Action Plan for the PAs ▪ Conducting socio economic survey and land market survey for EP identification ▪ Prepare EP, EC file and entitlement card ▪ Develop customize CMIS for smooth implementation of RP ▪ Including ensure compensation of the PAs, ▪ Conducting Property Valuation Advisory Team (PVAT) meeting for finalized Property Valuation ▪ Assist GRC for setting the dispute ▪ Assist to resettle in suitable places, grievance redressing etc
16	Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development Project-DWSSDP	Amounting Tk. 38,08,400.00 From November 2013 to January 2016	WASA-PMU, DMC/ADB	Dhaka Metropolitan Area (2001 to 1010) (From Shairon to Mirpur-12)	

C. DORP Completed Projects- 2013

Annex-3

Sl No	Name of the Project	Location	Funding/ Agency/Donor	Period & Position	Nature of work in brief	Beneficiaries
1	Development of Soil Management Tool to improve Food Security of Haor Dwellers	Derai of Sunamganj, Mohanganj of Netrokona, Lakhai of Hobiganj and Nikli of Kishoregang	European Union (UE)& Ministry of Agriculture	From July 2010 to December 2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conducting Base line survey Formation of farmer groups, Conducting training to farmer group Distribution of Farm input, Agriculture machinery and seeds Block Demonstration Organize rally , workshop Exchange visit 	
2	Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)	Baupal of Patuakhali	Ministry of Woman & Children Affairs - WFP	From February 2012 to December 2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15Provide Training and Credit. Build awareness Women Empowerment Increase Income generation activities 	
3	Gender Based - Social Assistance Program for Non Asseters - centered in Maternity Allowance (GB-SAPNA)	Kaliganj Upazila of Gazipur, Ramgati & Kamolinagar Upazila of Lakshmipur and Chatkhil Upazila of Noakhali District	AECID (Spanish Agency for International Cooperation for Development)	From December 2010 to September 2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Base line survey and end line survey Provided training on health care, maternal & neonatal health, Sanitation, livelihood Organized mothers group and orient them for developing institution Provide housing material with sanitary latrine Provided health and education card Provided livelihood support to 450 mother in the form of materials and kind not cash Lobby & Advocacy 	
4	Advocacy for Human Resource in Health	Bangladesh	Wemos Foundation	January 2012 to December 2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advocacy with different ministries of Government of Bangladesh Organize dialogue, seminar, workshop, roundtable etc. Prepare position paper on midwives & CHCP for advocacy purpose. 	
5	Primary School at the Village where no school	Charfassion of Bhola Mehendigonj of Basisal Ramgati of Laksmipur	Directorate of Primary Education - World Bank	From 2007 to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct primary school building in the village where there is no primary school and provide primary education from class I to class V. 	
6	Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education- UNIQUE II	Chadpur District	ADB-SDC & BNFE	From June 2009 to April 2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baseline Survey Learner selection Operating Post Literacy Course for 11-45 year aged learners Provide trade material Conducting Skill development training. 	6-12 aged drop out & out of school children, 5+ aged children and targeted areas formal primary school slow learners of class iii-iv.
7	Post Literacy and Continuing Education for Human development (PLCEHD-2) Project	14 Upazila of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bhola, Noakhali, Laksmipur Feni. 	European Commission-EC	February 2007 to December 2011	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organise community Managed Children Learning Center (CLC) at coastal area, Base line Survey & Social Mapping Community mobilization Conducted pedagogy Training, Enrolled the drop out and out of school children foron formal primary education, Developing an equivalency framework for mainstreaming of NFPE learners Organise School preparedness programme 	

SI No	Name of the Project	Location	Funding/ Agency/Donor	Period & Position	Nature of work in brief	Beneficiaries
8	Reaching out of School Children - ROSC	Charfashion upazila of Bhola.	Directorate of Primary Education - World Bank	January 2006 to December'11	Organize education center for drop out of Children, ensure children learning environment, supervision and monitoring	1050 drop out learners
9	Agricultural Diversification & Intensification Project (ADIP)	Kotiadi, Kuliarchar, Mithamoin Kishoreganj	DAE - IFAD	Form 1998 to 2006	Group Formation, Training, Motivation for Crop Diversification, Creation of Job Opportunity to Landless farmers, small, marginal landless farmers (total no of 6410 beneficiaries) through Income Generation Activities through Credit	6410 beneficiaries
10	Rural Women Employment Creation Project - RWEC	Raipur of Laksmipur	Dept. of Women Affairs GOB, BKB, ADB	From Oct' 93 to June'11	Imparting Training & disbursing loan to 6000 rural unemployed and poor women as IGA.	6000 vulnerable women
11	Community Based Appropriate Employment Generation Scheme	Barguna Sadar, Barguna	BMET -Upazilla - PAC ILO - Japan	June '94 to June'11	Skill Dev. Training & Materials input for small farmers, like mechanized cultivation, nursery, & homestead gardening	300 Poor Men & Women
12	Rural Employment Generation Scheme,	Laksmipur Sadar Laksmipur	BMET-Upazilla PAC ILO-Japan	Aug '95 to Dec'11	Training, Sanitation, Credit for Rural unemployed beneficiaries	400 Poor Men & Women
13	Low Cost Rural Housing Project (Revolving Credit)	Ramgati, Raipur Laksmipur sadar	Mo/LGRD & Coop-UNDP	From 1996 - 2007	Constructing of 358 low cost houses for the rural poor completed but revolving credit ongoing.	
14	Training, Credit & Employment of PAPS of JMBA	Bhuapur, Kalihati of Tangail & Sirajganj sadar	JMBA - PKSF	From Feb. '98 to Dec '2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Group formation ▪ Training (Occupational Skill Development & Human Resource Development), ▪ Provide Credit for income generation disbursement ▪ Create Employment 	6000 Poor women & man
15	Health Village	Lohagara, Raipur, Ramgati, Kuliarchar, Sirajganj Sadar, Bhuiapur, Norail Sadar and Borguna	STMAVI- The Netherlands	January 2008 to December 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Provide Training •Provide sanitary latrine & tube-well •Provide MCH care •Formation of budget club •Activate the UP standing committees •School Sanitation •Reproductive health for the adolescents •Make linkage with other nation 	
16	Social Assistance for Non Asseters (SAPNA)	Kamalagar, Ramgati & Laksmipur Sadar of Laksmipur district	AECID (Spanish Agency for International Cooperation for Development)	January 2009 to September 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Base line survey and end line survey •Provided training on health care •Maternal & neonatal health •Sanitation •livelihood •Organized mothers group and orient them for developing institution •Provide housing material with sanitary latrine •Provided health and education card •Provided livelihood support to 450 mother in the form of materials and kind not cash •Lobby & Advocacy. 	
17	HIV/AIDS Intervention Services (HAIS) Project for the Street Based Sex Workers	Dhaka City, Chittagong City, Sylhet City & Bhola	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare of the GOB and financed by World Bank	December 2009- December 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Mapping and census of the street based sex workers •Outreach activities by the Peer like meet the sex workers in groups and individually •Promotion of sex workers and their families •Prevention of Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) and other general disease and provide medicine •Provide training on rights and legal issue to the sex workers •Organise Street Theater and Cultural show for mass awareness •Print and project poster •sticker and booklet 	

SI No	Name of the Project	Location	Funding/ Agency/Donor	Period & Position	Nature of work in brief	Beneficiaries
18	Road side tree plantation project	Feni Ramgati	LGED - CARE	1998 – '99	Organize maintenance group of women in consultation with union parishad, plantation of trees and maintenance, close coordination with union parishad	8 nos women beneficiary groups
19	Homestead gardening	Kishoreganj	ASSP - DAE	Jan'98-Dec'98	Organize women groups, provide training on homestead gardening, provide agro input	300 women
20	Non Formal Education Project-1	Ramgati, Patharohata Jagannathpur, Lama, Karimgonj, Kotiyadi, Hssainpur, Dhira, Khagrachari, Rangamati Banderban, Rawanchari	DNFE - GOB UNICEF	March '98 - Feb.99 Completed	Non - formal education for adult & children	15 to 25 years age group male & female
21	Non Formal Education Project-2	Jajira, Hatiya, Matlab Lalmonohi, Sonagagi, Mirershari, Doulatpur Banskhali, Lama, Borhanuddin, Khagrachari, Rangamati Banderban, Rawanchari	DNFE - GOB UNICEF	March '98 -Nov. '00 Completed	Education for adult, adolescent	11-45 years age group male & female
22	HIV/AIDS Targeted Intervention (HATI)	Barisal, Chittagong & Sylhet Division 12 Urban Area	Ministry Health & Family Welfare & UNICEF/ WB	January 2007 to December 2008	Aware the sex workers on HIV/AIDS and provide STI Treatment; Condom Promotion and Campaign	
23	Rights Based Program for Social Harmony	Banskhali & Satkhania of Chittagong	Manushar Jonno Foundation- MJF, DFID	September 2006 to August 2009.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Education for Social harmony ▪ Legal Aid support for torture women ▪ Mediation (Alternative dispute resolution– ADR) ▪ Training & Technical support 	
24	WATSAN Program for the Poor	Sirajgonj Sadar Bhupur of Tangail Kullarchar-Kishoregonj Noakhali- Rangati of Laksmipur, Lohagara of Chittagong.	SIMAVI- The Netherlands	January 2005 to December 2007	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Village selection ▪ Base line survey, ▪ Group formation, ▪ Training, ▪ Implement Resettlement Action Plan for the PAPs ▪ Conducting socio economic survey and land market survey for EP identification ▪ Prepare EP, EC file and entitlement card ▪ Develop customize CMS for smooth implementation of RP ▪ Including ensure compensation of the PAPs, ▪ Conducting Property Valuation Advisory Team 	Total people of 21 villages of 250 in each
25	Implementation of Resettlement Plan under Jamuna – Meghna River Erosion Mitigation Project, ADB Loan No. 1941-BAN (SF) .	Matlab of Chandpur and Bera of Pabna district	ADB - BWDB	February 2005- August 2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct advocacy • Consultation, public hearing • Exit interview • Organize inter school debate • Formation of Health Service Users Forum (USUF) • Upazila consultation • Organize Day observation • Lobby & Advocacy 	
26	Maternal & Neonatal Health (MNH) Rights Initiative for Accountability	8 Upazilas of Jamalpur & 7 Upazilas of Moulvibazar	UNICEF with WHO & UNFPA [UK Aid (DFID) & European Union (EU)]	January 2009- December 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capacity building of staff members of DORP • Strengthening of DORP as an institution 	
27	Capacity Building Project	DORP Central Office	Wemos, The Netherlands	January 2010- December 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Organize The Urban Poor, ▪ Provide Training Both Awareness And Skills Along With Micro Credit. ▪ Provide Health Education, ▪ Non-Formal Education for the Children and Adults. 	
28	Urban Governance Infrastructure Improvement Project (UGIIP)	Savar, Shahajadpur, Moulavibazar Pourasha	LGED-GOB and ADB	2006 –2010		

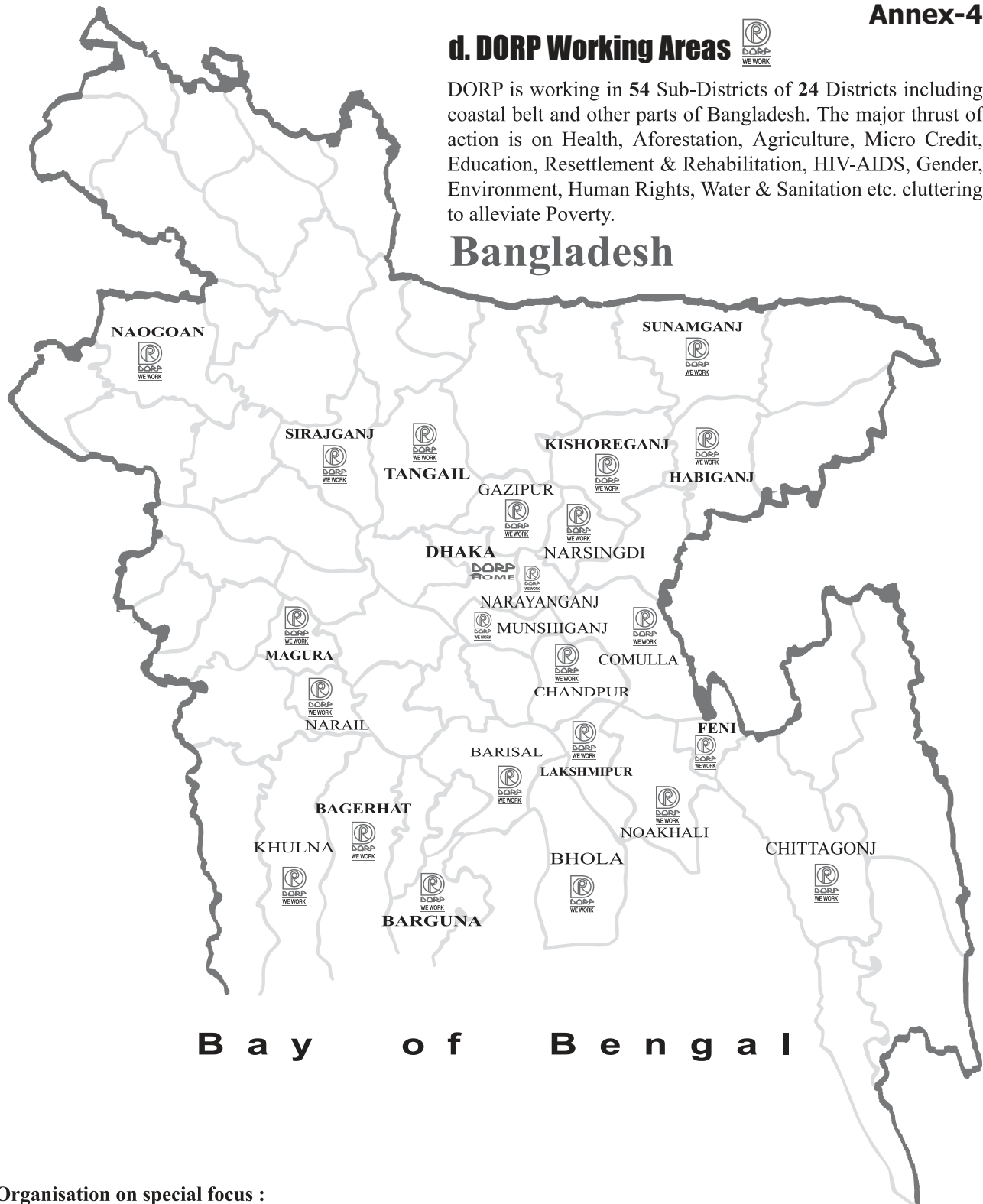
SI No	Name of the Project	Location	Funding/ Agency/Donor	Period & Position	Nature of work in brief	Beneficiaries
29	Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)	Luxmipur Sadar, Raipur, Ramgati, Kamalnagar, Ramgonj.	Ministry of Woman & Children Affairs- WFP	January 08 to December 08	Provide Training and Credit. •Build awareness •Women Empowerment •Increase Income generation activities	
30	Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)	Chatkhil of Noakhali	HYSAWA Management Fund.	January 12 to December 12	•Provide Training and Credit. • Build awareness •Women Empowerment • Increase Income generation activities	1410
31	Hygiene Water & Sanitation (HYSAWA)			January 2009 to December 2010	• Awareness creation on the importance of Health • Sanitation and safe drinking water through CLTS approach.	
32	Pro-Poor Health & Family Planning Budget Monitoring Upazila Downwards	Kamalnagar of Lakshmipur, Lohagara of Narail, Kalakroor of Gazipur, Baraniganj of Boudair, Babazar, Baraniganj of Barisal & Sirajganj Sadar of Sirajganj district	The WEMOS Foundation – The Netherlands	Jan'11- Dec'11	Social Mobilization for women empowerment, Information Collection, Lobbying & Advocacy for govt. policy change towards gender equality Monitoring	
33	Integrated Health Care Reaching the Poor (IHCRP)	Banshkhali of Chittagong	CORDAID, The Netherlands	January 2004 to December 2008	• Health Care • Livelihood Skill • Education • School Student's Stipend • Sanitation • Water (Arsenic Free Tube well Installation) Income Credit • Disaster Management • West Management • Health Sector Montr.	
34	Meghna Dhanagoda Irrigation Project (MDIP) under (CAD)-A	Matlab-Chandpur	BWDB - GOB Funded by ADB	Aug. '98 -Dec. '2000	Farmers and stakeholders training on o&m of irrigation structure cost recovery.	4230 (Farmers, Board & Female Members)
35	Low Cost Rural Housing Project (Revolving Credit)	Ramgati, Raipur Lakshmipur sadar	MoRD & Coop UNDP	Jan '96 - '00 Completed	Constructing of 358 low cost houses for the rural poor completed but revolving credit ongoing.	400 poor families both male & female.
36	Training of MSS & BSS members of BRDB	Kustia Jessore (greater) Sirajgonj	BRDB -ADB	'96 - '97 Completed	Training on group graduation and skill development	10,000 Female, age group 16-50 years
37	Need Assessment Survey on HIV/AIDS & STDs	Kathalbagan- Dhaka	HASAB AIDS- Alliance	Jul-Dec'95 Completed	Survey for targeted area about HIV/Aids & STD & ensure better health to target group	100 low income vulnerablemale& female
38	Jute Mills Workers Re-training Project	Dhaka	CDRB	Completed	Training on bamboo & cane, nursery, mini mechanic poultry	300 jobless male worker
39	Compartmentalization Pilot Project – CPP	Tangail	BWDB	Completed	Embankment maintenance	300 direct & 500 indirect beneficiaries
40	Social Investment Program Project	Poor segment of the Community and community as a whole of Jamalpur district.	SDF (Ministry of Finance) & World Bank	2003 to 2007	•Village Dev. Committee, • PRA, •Village Planning, •Training and Small infrastructure •Project Implementation. • Involve Union Parishad in campaign program and awareness building	
41	HIV/AIDS Prevention Program for the Street based Sex Workers	Barisal, Chittagong & Sylhet Division 12 Urban Area	Ministry Health & Family Welfare & UNICEF/WB	August 2004-Dec 2007	•Aware the sex workers on HIV/AIDS and provide STI Treatment, • Condom Promotion and • Campaign	
42	SAP	Jamal Sadar , Islampur, Melandha	SDF (Ministry of Finance) & WB	Dec'06-Dec'07		
43	Mother & Child Care Project	Jamalpur	SDF (Ministry of Finance) & WB	September 2004 to August 2007	• Provide health care to the mother • children and elderly people through community participation	

SI No	Name of the Project	Location	Funding/ Agency/Donor	Period & Position	Nature of work in brief	Beneficiaries
44	Capacity Building Poverty Alleviation & Sustainable Livelihood of the Socially Disadvantaged Women & their Children	• Socially disadvantaged Women 325 & children 58 in Shamoly (Zone-2) - Dhaka	Ministry of Social Welfare – UNDP	Dec'00 –June 2007	• Crèche, • Pre - Formal & Non-Formal Education, • Boarding Facilities, • Vocational Training, • Healthcare Services, • Job Replacement, • Admission Of The Formal Education	
45	PRSP & Health Monitoring through Networking	Less privileged segment of the population and as a whole primary health sector of 6 Upazila of 6 Division.	CORDAID – The Netherlands	January 2007	• Organise Civil Society Network, • Activate GoB Upazila Health Advisory Committee, • Data collection of service delivery of GoB health services, • Involve local government specially Union Parishad for mass awareness.	
46	Post Literacy, Continuing Education and Human Development (PLCEHD)	Raigonj of Shirajgonj and Mithamoin of Kishoregonj	BNFE	December 2007	• Provide continuing education to the neo-literates and provide skill training on different marketable trades for income generation for their livelihood	
47	Emergency Relief and Rehabilitation Project for the Flood Victim	• Jamalpur • Tangail, • Kishoregonj, • Laksmipur & • Dhaka city	CORDAID The Netherlands	September 2004 to August 2006	Provide • House building • Arsenic free tubewell installation, • Distribute sanitary latrine, • Distribute vegetable seeds • Land rising for house building.	
48	Relief, Rehabilitation & Community Development Program for the Cyclone hit Family	Charfashion of Bhola Banskhali of Chittagong	GK, VHSS	Jul'91 - Jun'92 Completed	• Provide relief to the cyclone victim • remove contaminated water from ponds • distribution paddy seeds • group organization • savings & credit	
49	Women Employment Project	Nandankadan under Bondar Upazilla of Naraynganj	ASHA - France	'93 - '94 Completed	• Group formation & savings • Non-formal education • distribution sanitary latrine • credit for income generation	Destituted women
50	Self Sustained Embankment Maintenance Pilot Project	Charfashion of Bhola	BWDB - ADB	'96 - '97 Completed	Survey, group formation, savings, training on O&M of employment, non-formal education, lease of BWDB kasha land	Embankment settler
51	Mymensingh Aquaculture Extension Project- MAEP	7 upazillas of Kishoregonj district	Dof - DANIDA	May '98 - Apr'99 Completed	• Training of fish farmers, • Fish traders and group graduation, • provide credit	7000 fishers family of 7 Upazilla
52	North - East Minor Irrigation Project – NEMIP	Kishoregang	DAE - ADB	Sep'96 - April '98 Completed	Improve knowledge on crop diversification, Agriculture input promotion and farmer training and campaign	Small and marginal farmers
53	Fisher folk Livelihood Project	Charfashion of Bhola Raipur & Laksmipur of Laksmipur District	DFID	Nov'98 - '00 Completed	Provide revolving credit to the fisher folk poor community	700 fisherfolk families
54	Emergency Relief and Rehabilitation for the Flood Victim	Laksmipur, Raipur, Ramgati	Embassy of Japan, Dhak	'98 - '99 Completed	Provide agriculture input like power tiller, Tube - well and seed, sanitation latrine	270 families
55	Relief & Agriculture Rehabilitation Program	Tangail, Kishoregonj, Raipur, Laksmipur, Ramgati, Chandpur	ASSP - DFID	Oct'98 - Dec'98	Provide seed & tube-well, cash to the flood victim marginal and small farmers	3000 families
56	WFP Assisted Afforestation Scheme	Charfashion, Ramgati, Laksmipur Sadar, Tarail-Kishoregonj & Lata	FD - GOB - WFP	1992 to on going.	Plantation & maintenance	4025 (75% Female) caretakers vulnerable age group 16-45 years
57	WFP Assist Pond Re-excavation project	Tangail, Kishoregonj, Bhola, Barguna, Amtali & Laksmipur	DoF - GOB - WFP	'93 - '00 Completed	Pond re-excavation, fish culture, group formation, savings & credit.	728 vulnerable male & female
58	Crop Diversification Project – CDP	Kishoregonj, Sreepur, Magura & Ramgati	DAE - CIDA	1992 - 1994 Completed	Training support to marginal & landless farmers for crop diversification	3 union
59	Adarsa Gram Phase – 1	Chittagong (Anwara, Mirshewari, Lohagara, Sitakunda, Banskhali, Hathhajari, Rangunia) Coxbazar (Chokoria) Rajshahi (Kishoregonj, Rangpur, Raipur)	MoLand - CEC	1992 – 96 Completed	Integrated development of the rootless families of 17 clustered village supplying tube-well, re-excavation pond, homestead gardening, training, income generation program, and non-formal education.	17 clustered village about 600 families

d. DORP Working Areas

DORP is working in 54 Sub-Districts of 24 Districts including coastal belt and other parts of Bangladesh. The major thrust of action is on Health, Aforestation, Agriculture, Micro Credit, Education, Resettlement & Rehabilitation, HIV-AIDS, Gender, Environment, Human Rights, Water & Sanitation etc. cluttering to alleviate Poverty.

Bangladesh



Organisation on special focus :

- * Maternity allowance for the poor mothers the gateway towards poverty alleviation providing a package of 5 rights-Social Assistance Program for Non-Assteters 'SAPNA' by the next 20 Years of a generation through Public Poor Partnership-PPP
- * DORP is an experienced organisation in Budget Monitoring (Tracking) initiatives & WASH plus.

In Quest of Poverty Alleviation – a thought way

**Distinguished guests, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Assalamualaikum, Mabuhai.**

To-day I am in a mixed feeling that is, few days back there is a big havoc where thousands of life died in Philippines. In the same way in 1970, when I was very young I started the work in Bangladesh from where I am. There was too, thousand and thousands of people died in the cyclone, I started my work with the slogan 'Creation from Devastation' there & I become the product of that cyclone. And my mother was



an inspiring one to be 'with' the community, not 'for' only, it should be with. So I remember my mother today and I dedicate my today's Gusi Peace Prize to my mother, and not only my mother, it's to all global mother's community those who are disadvantaged & those who are deprived and those who are poor. (Hand claps & claps from the audiences).

Regarding peace, peace and the poverty. I do not want to be dare to say, this two cannot walk together. We must be selective, which one we should be, with the peace or the poverty? Which one should come first? Should we go for peace or the poverty? I will be with the poverty line. If we can't cut the poverty then the peace will be absent and it will be the bypassing and it will be the ignoring, and it will be confusing to the future generation, as well as the present generation. So on behalf of poverty bias line and being a confident practitioner as a field worker from 1970 till to day, I want to say confidently with my experiences, we should revive, discover about the way of development process. Weather it's a false process of development or we want to select the right one. And that discovery, I want to say we want to go back to our 'mother' and after God, 'mother' is the one whom we have to respect and honor and serve. So with this, centering the mother and from the 1st mother and the poor mother, for the discriminationless society, 'we' want to invest to the womb of the mother first. Then only we can minimize and mitigate their discrimination and go for peace. Reasons, the way I am placing for centering the mother, as this is the Bottom Line. We are working on many development activities like health, education, housing, livelihood and so on. It's not a total-it's project based, dividedly. I believe it should be a holistic approach. Without holistic approach we cannot go forward. So, not to have a divide & role policy, rather-have a holistic development approaches for long time a generation. It can be specialized but should have on the holistic approach, as a whole. And that should be the home grown, that in Bangladesh, we have already started. Our government is supporting & running, by providing the maternity allowance. Further, with the maternity allowance, health card, education card, and housing, livelihood & Micro-Credit are providing to them-a SAPNA Package holistic to the poor mother. Now they are peaceful, and they are very much harmonious between the husband wife & family with their totality-dreaming of a better generation.

So, with this day of my joyous with the experiences of 43 years, I emphasize to be again to say, we discovered both the system & the development approaches 'centering the mother' having Public-Poor-Private-Partnership (PPPP). Not only Public Private Partnership, it must be partnership with the poor also. So that, the mothers can come up, then we can have a dialogue, then we can proceed with the



process of a dialectical process to go to the end, to cut the poverty, from the earth, not only from my Country. And we have exercised in Bangladesh and it is evidenced based that we worked with one thousand mothers, putting all the basic human rights input to them. Now there is no divorce, no less than 20 years marriage, birth registration, marriage registration and there is no basic problem in their family. They feel happy, they have the house, and they have the good

health, education, Nutrition etc. H.M Queen Sofia of Spain supported this innovative effort SAPNA-Social Assistance Program for Non-Asseters. And Canadian Toronto ombudsman Ms. Feona Crean was writing this that, Public Poor Private Partnership (PPPP) may be the `model for elsewhere in the world'. Last week in SACOSAN- South Asian Conference on Sanitation (a platform of SAARC Countries) was held in Nepal there on my proposal Public Poor Private Partnership was adopted by the Kathmendu declaration document- 2013.

AHM Nouman, Founder DORP, won the Gusi Peace prize International Award-2013 for his outstanding contribution in Poverty Alleviation and Humanitarian. He is the country's 1st lone person who achieved the prestigious award. On November 27, 2013 he is receiving the Award from the Chairman Ambassador Mr. Barry S. Gusi at Manila International Convention Centre (PICC).



So, I appeal to the audience and distinguish personality here, to the policy planner, those who are not only with the theory but also fight with the people in action, at field level. There should be a combination of both top down and bottom-up approach. There should be a match making, so the bottom-up and top-down initiative can work together, with peaceful way, it's not a conflicting way. I must not be the revolutionary. We must have the solution with the process of peace and understanding and making us honor to each other.

However, to make it short, I want to buy one word from our honourable fellow laureate HE Prince Bandar Bin Khalid of Saudi Arabia that is `Thought way', so I replace the name of my delivery of presentation- `In quest of poverty alleviation-A thought way'.

Finally, thanks, I am grateful to GUSI Peace Prize management committee and others and I want to appeal to the honorable Madam Dr. Evelyn Tantamco-Gusi to take the lead making the `Mother for Centre' to have the poverty free world.

27th Nov. 2013
Philippines International Convention Centre (PICC) Manila, Philippines.

This speech is taken by Mr. Rizvi an internee to DORP from Independent University of Bangladesh from Audio-Video technology devices which Mr. AHM Nouman was delivered at the event after receiving Gusi Peace International Prize Award 2013 on Poverty Alleviation & Humanitarianism & as an instant feelings, as call.



A close sharing view between Prince Bandar Khalid bin Faisal Al Saud (Right), AHM Nouman (Left), & Dr. Razia Begum (Middle). A thought way towards Poverty Alleviation

Let Mother be the Centre

Dinner Speech:

As we are here for peace, I believe, that peace and poverty cannot walk together. We need to think about this point. We need to talk, about the way of elevating poverty & the other way about establishing the peace.

Both ways, we cannot have the concession for each other. We need to think of one thing, at this point that is, if we can alleviate poverty, peace will automatically come. Cutting the poverty will ensure the peace.

Project based development only ensures the short term development-piece mailing, but it is not the long term sustainable. This approach inherent a divide & rule policy, Not ensuring the holistic approach. Projects may run but we also need to have a long term plan.

We should have to have a bottom line, to start the long term plan. On the other hand, we cannot count the stars in the sky, years together. There must be a specific bottom line to start the long term plan, to cut the poverty. I think `Mother` should be the center for all the development activities and that should get the first priority. We need to work for the Poor 1st mothers to minimize the gaps. We need to develop an inclusiveness partnership with the poor that is, Public Poor Private Partnership (PPPP). This concept is adopted in SAARC Countries, SACOSAN-2013 Kathmandu (Nepal) declaration.

We should reform our thinking. We should proceed through centering `Mother` Thank you.

*26th Nov. 2013
Mainla, Philippines
Peninsula Mainla Hotel*

Bottom Line is the MOTHER: Establish Poorer's Democracy

Speech at Press Conference

Honorable chairman, members of International committee of Gusi Peace Prize Foundation, Honorable guests Ladies & Gentlemen, Assalamualaikum, Mabuhai and good evening. I thank and also I am grateful to the committee for selecting me to be a great with such honor. At this moment of recognition, I am in a mixed feeling, because in this month (November, 2013) thousands of people died a few days back due to Typhoon Haiyan in Philippines. Same thing happened in this month in Bangladesh from where I am. Thousands of people died on 12th November 1970, from that day to till now I have been with this people, started with the relief, then the rehabilitation then development, then human rights, then with all the socio-eco-development things that we are discussing today by all other honorable guests. So, one way it's a pleasure for me, another way grief, 43 years had passed. My humble presentation to you all, what I have seen and learnt from last 43 years time? Regarding, development, to me, Bangladesh is come first, then South Asia then the Asia then global. We are telling sustainability, we are telling, we have to work, but from where to start? I think bottom line of the development must be the 'mother'. It's not education, housing, agriculture. We cannot count the starts in the sky, years together. So we have to have a bottom line. Development should start from 'mother'. We have to invest all the efforts to the mother. All we have come from the mother, we have to honor mother. It's a gift from God. God tells after Him we should honor mother (3 times). If we go against nature, against the will of the God we cannot improve. We are practicing Maternity Allowance to the Mother in Bangladesh. And government is providing this allowance, adding health, education, housing, livelihood, & savings-micro-credit. All the basic need- rights are there, investing to the mother. It's holistic approach alternatively to the individualistic approach.



We have to come up with a logical argument with an experienced thing, from where to start, that should be the 'mother'. Mother should be the centre. Development of politics should also be there for start up. Democracy should be for the people. Democracy should be peoples' democracy, voter's democracy, poorer's democracy. That's why we are advocating for establishing the 'Election Caretaking Council' (ECC) for universal acceptance. Thanks to all, for listening.

25th Nov. 2013
Mainla, Philippines.

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Member



AHM Nouman, Founder DORP, won the Gusi Peace prize International Award-2013 for his outstanding contribution in poverty alleviation and humanitarianism. He is the country's lone person who achieved the prestigious award. On November 27, 2013 AHM Nouman received the Award- at Manila International Convention Centre (PICC).

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